# NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION Bilthoven The Netherlands

Report no. 739400001

# **RIVM Model Catalogue**

F.G. Wortelboer (ed.)

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This study is conducted on behalf of and for account of the Board of Directors of the National Institute of Public Health and Environmental Protection

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#### **Preface**

This report contains a compilation of descriptions of models which are currently being used or under development at the National Institute of Public Health and Environmental Protection (RIVM), The Netherlands. A large part of the models included is developed at the RIVM itself. The models are described in a very condensed standard format. Additional information can be obtained from the persons listed as contact for the respective model.

This report has been initiated by the Intersectoral Modelling Committee (IMO) of the RIVM. In this committee all modelling groups within the RIVM are represented. At the moment, the members of this committee are: L.C. Braat (MTV), A.J. de Bruin (ISC), H.J.G.M. Derks (BFT), B.J. de Haan (CWM; chairman), E. Heina-Merkus (ACT), D.T. Jager (ECO), R.C.G.M. Smetsers (LSO), P.E. Steinberger (BKG), C.W.M. van der Maas (LAE), J.J.M. van Grinsven (LBG; secretary), J.A. van Jaarsveld (LLO), F.G. Wortelboer (LWD).

This catalogue replaces its precursor (Braat (ed.), 1992; RIVM Report no. 259102002). Its contents has been updated and the list of models has been extended. This catalogue now contains descriptions of 124 models and tools. The entry on model status has been extended by subentries for version number and the presence of Standard Operating Procedures (SOP's). As modelling efforts continue, this catalogue of models will become outdated eventually. It is the intention of the committee to update this report regularly, in response to the extents of the updates of individual models and the demand for this report.

# Summary

This report contains the descriptions of the models currently used within the National Institute of Public Health and Environmental Protection (RIVM). Each model description contains the following entries: Name of the model, Contact in RIVM, Purpose, Policy theme, Technical specifications, Status, Availability, Documentation. Besides, the report contains a list of the models grouped by laboratory, a list of the models grouped by theme, and an index.

The purpose of this report is both to give an overview of the models used within the RIVM and to be of help for readers who have a specific question, in finding a model which might be of use in answering that question.

# Overview of entries in the RIVM model catalogue

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# List of full names of RIVM laboratories, centres, and bureaus

ACT Toxicology Advisory Centre

BFT Unit Biotransformation, Pharmaco- and Toxicokinetics

CCM Department for Chronic Disease and Environmental Epidemiology

CWM Centre for Mathematical Methods

ECO Laboratory for Ecotoxicology

ISC Information Service Centre

LAE Laboratory for Waste and Emissions

LBG Laboratory for Soil and Groundwater

LLO Air Research Laboratory

LSO Laboratory for Radiation Research

LWD Laboratory for Water and Drinking Water Research

MTV Environmental Forecasting Bureau

# Alphabetical list of model descriptions

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

123Radon

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

R.O. Blaauboer :

Laboratory

LSO :

Phone

030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE

Evaluating scenarios and trends in the average Rn-222 concentration in houses and apartments in the Netherlands due to

building practices and use of building materials

4. POLICY THEME

polution of the indoor environment

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** : infiltration from soil, exhalation from building materials, ventilation

Compartments :

indoor environment, no specific living quarters

Components/compounds

Rn-222

:

Spatial resolution

Discretization fixed : **Dimension** 0D : Length scale : Application scale local

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** fixed : Calculation timestep vear

Output timestep 1991, 2000, 2025, intermediate years possible :

Input data used building materials (Ra-226 concentration, Rn-222 emanation,

diffusion)

housing stock (houses available, building rate, demolition rate, ventilation rate, amounts of materials used) per period in time

effectiveness of several possible measures

Output data average Rn-222 concentration in the Dutch indoor living

environment as a function of time up to 2025

User interface

Operation Interactive : Communication language Dutch

Computer code

Programming language Lotus 1-2-3, V3.1 spreadsheet (using wysiwyg add-in) :

Comment language Dutch :

Runtime seconds on a PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

> SOP SOP no.: LSO/P/010 yes

User's guide : no

Tech. ref. manual yes, LSO/KD/0256

**Application reports** : yes Under development? no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : Costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Procedure voor het gebruik van het programma 123Radon ten behoeve van trend en reductiescenario berekeningen van Rn-222 in het binnenmilieu. SOP LSO/P/010, RIVM/LSO, Bilthoven, 1993.

Blaauboer, R.O. & R. Heling, 1993. Trends en reductiescenario's voor Rn-222-concentraties in woningen. RIVM Report no. 749231001. (LSO/KD/0256)

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : 90Sr-bone

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of effective dose equivalent due to contamination with

<sup>90</sup>Sr as a function of <sup>90</sup>Sr in diet and age of exposure.

4. POLICY THEME : Human exposure

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : uptake to the bone, biological degeneration

Compartments : bone Components/compounds : 90Sr

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0D

Length scale : not applicable
Application scale : human scale

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : year
Output timestep : year

Input data : 90Sr content of diet

Output data : effective dose equivalent according to age

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : seconds on PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2

sop : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/085

User's guide : no

Tech. ref. manual : yes, LSO/KD/0255

**Application reports**: yes Under development?: no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Mattern, F.C.M. & L. Strackee1, 1980. Botdosisschattingen als gevolg van ingestie van <sup>90</sup>Sr middels de voeding. RIV, Memo FL/1980/8/20. (LSO/KD/0255)

Annual reports of the coordinating Committee on Radioactive and Xenobiotic Substances, secretariat RIVM, Bilthoven.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AMEUR (Ammonia Model for EURope)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Petra van Egmond

**Laboratory** : MTV-MK **Phone** : 030-743816

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of past and future emissions of ammonia per country

from manure, fertilizer and industrial sources in Europe. A second purpose is the calculation of the N-load of agriculture soils.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Administrative model; livestock, fertilizer use, fertilizer production

multiplicated by emission factors.

Compartments : air, soil

Components/compounds : Nitrogen, ammonia

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -

**Application scale** : national: 37 countries in europe

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : year Output timestep : year

Input data : livestock numbers (dairy cows, sheep, pigs, laying hens, other

poultry, horses, other cattle), milk yield, N-fertilizer consumption, manure production (N content) per animaltype, volatilization coefficients, stable type and penetration, application methods and

penetration, application levels of chemical fertilizer.

Output data : Ammonia emissions per country per year, N-load of agriculture

soils per country, per year.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

**Programming language**: Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheets

Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : problem dependent; about 5 min.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

SOP : no SOP no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : - Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

RIVM, 1992. The Environment in Europe, a Global Perspective. RIVM Report no. 481505001. (page 74)

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-AP

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : calculation of head drawdowns in aquifers and fluxes across

aquitards, due to pumpage from one or more wells, based on

analytical solution

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : water transport
Compartments : aquifers, aquitards

Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: not applicableDimension: quasi 3D or fully 3D

Length scale : m, km Application scale : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep: variableCalculation timestep: variableOutput timestep: variable

Input data : aquifer transmissivity, aquitard resistance, well rates
Output data : graphs, maps, profiles, value at selected points in space

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; seconds to hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/SOP 820

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-AP, Computer Program Package for Groundwater Potential Problems Analysis (Analytical Solutions). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL AQ-AS

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Karel Kovar :

Laboratory **LBG** 

Phone 030-743360 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : calculation of pathlines and travel times in groundwater systems,

both due to pumpage from wells and natural flow conditions

4. POLICY THEME drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** water transport : Compartments aquifers, aquitards ;

Components/compounds water :

Spatial resolution

Discretization not applicable : Dimension quasi 3D or fully 3D :

Length scale m, km : Application scale local

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** variable Calculation timestep variable Output timestep variable :

Input data aquifer transmissivity and porosity, aquitard resistance and •

porosity, layer thickness, natural flow, well rates

Output data plot of pathlines and travel times :

User interface

Operation interactive Communication language **English** :

Computer code

Programming language FORTRAN 77 : Comment language English :

Runtime problem dependent; seconds to hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: 3.x : SOP SOP no.: LBG/801 yes :

User's guide yes : Tech. ref. manual : no Application reports : no : no

**Under development?** 

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs commercial price

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-AS, Computer Program Package for Groundwater Pathlines and Isochrones (Analytical Solutions). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-AT

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Pumping test evaluation, based on analytical solution. Calculation

of optimal values of geohydrological parameters from observed changes in groundwater head drawdown due to pumpage from one

or more wells

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : water transport, statistical data processing

Compartments : aquifers, aquitards

Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: not applicableDimension: quasi 3D or fully 3D

Length scale : m, km Application scale : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep:variableCalculation timestep:variableOutput timestep:variable

Input data : aquifer transmissivity, aquitard resistance, well rates, observed

groundwater drawdowns

Output data : optimal groundwater parameter values, plot of observed and

optimized groundwater heads, confidence countours

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; seconds to hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

SOP : yes SOP no: LBG/802

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-AT, Computer Program Package for Pumping Test Analysis (Analytical Solutions). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-EC

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of solute concentration in a single aquifer, based on

numerical solution by means of finite element method

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : advection, dispersion, adsorption, decay

Compartments : aquifer

Components/compounds : water, chemical

Spatial resolution

**Discretization** : variable

**Dimension** : 2D (horizontal or vertical)

Length scale : m, km

Application scale : local, regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : aquifer transmissivity, wells, rivers, recharge, top system drainage

relation, boundary conditions (flow and solute)

Output data : graphs, maps, profiles, results on model boundary

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; minutes to hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/807

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-EC, Computer Program Package for Solute Transport Analysis (Finite Element Method). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-EF

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360; Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : calculation of pathlines and travel times in quasi 3D groundwater

systems, based on finite element method (package AQ-FEM must

be used first)

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : water transport
Compartments : aquifers, aquitards

Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: quasi 3DLength scale: m, kmApplication scale: local, regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : aquifer transmissivity and porosity, aquitard resistance and

porosity, layer thickness, wells

Output data : plot of pathlines and travel times, plot of arrows of horizontal

groundwater velocity vector field

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; minutes to hours 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/806

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-EF, Computer Program Package for Groundwater Flow Lines Analysis (Finite Element Method). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-FEM

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360; Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : calculation of head variation in aquifers and fluxes across

aquitards, based on numerical solution by means of finite element

method

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : water transport
Compartments : aquifers, aquitards

Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: quasi 3DLength scale: m, kmApplication scale: local, regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep:variableCalculation timestep:variableOutput timestep:variable

**Input data** : aquifer transmissivity, aquitard resistance, wells, rivers, recharge,

top system drainage relation, boundary conditions

Output data : graphs, maps, profiles

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; minutes to hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/805

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-EG (grid generation), AQ-DD (data discretisation), AQ-EP (potential analysis, finite element method). RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

AQ-RE

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

Karel Kovar

Laboratory

**LBG** 

Phone

030-743360; Fax: 030-292897 :

3. PURPOSE

One-dimensional polynomial regression analysis. Program fits (least square fit) a polynomial of order N (be selected by user)

through specified observations.

4. POLICY THEME

drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

polynomial regression :

Compartments

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization Dimension Length scale

Application scale

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** Calculation timestep

•

:

:

:

Output timestep

Input data

observed parameter values :

Output data

plot of observed and predicted parameter values, including upper

and lower limit at specified confidence level

User interface

Operation

interactive

Communication language

English

Computer code

Programming language

FORTRAN77

Comment language

**English** 

Runtime

problem dependent; seconds to minutes CPU on IBM 386

6. STATUS

Final working version?

Version no.: yes

SOP no.: LBG/803

SOP

yes

User's guide : yes

Tech. ref. manual **Application reports**  no no

**Under development?** 

no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM?

: yes

User contract mandatory? Costs

: yes commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-RE, Computer Program Package for One-Dimensional Polynomial Regression Analysis. RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQ-TS

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360; Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Time series analysis. Prediction of the future variation of a time

dependent variable for which observations are available over a

time period.

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : statistical data processing

Compartments : not applicable Components/compounds : not applicable

Spatial resolution

Discretization:not applicableDimension:not applicableLength scale:not applicableApplication scale:not applicable

Temporal resolution

Timestep:variableCalculation timestep:variableOutput timestep:variable

Input data : observed parameter variation in time

Output data : plot of observed and predicted variation of parameter in time

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; seconds to minutes on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.x

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/804

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K. & A. Leijnse, 1988. AQ-TS, Computer Program Package for Time Series Analysis. RIVM.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : AQUACID

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : F.G. Wortelboer

Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030 - 743128 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE : Prediction of acidification and vegetation composition of shallow

heathland lakes in The Netherlands

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : primary production mineralization, cation exchange, chemical

equilibria, deposition

Comparaments : water, sediment, macrophytes

Components/compounds: Carbon, H<sup>+</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: mApplication scale: regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep : controlled by error criteria on state variables

Output timestep: variable; characteristic output timestep: month or year

Input data : Physico-chemical and biochemical constants, dimension of the

system, deposition data, initial concentrations

Output data : macrophyte composition, pH, alkalinity and all concentrations and

process rates in water and sediment

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FAME (Pascal or C) & ACSL

Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 min. for a 1 year simulation on PC 486

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Wortelboer, F.G., 1992. AQUACID: Modelling the acidification of shallow heathland lakes in The Netherlands. The aquatic systems module of DAS. In: T. Schneider (ed), Acidification Research, Evaluation and Policy Applications, pp. 539-540. Elsevier, Amsterdam.

Wortelboer, F.G., 1993. AQUACID: Acidification model of shallow heathland lakes in The Netherlands. RIVM, in prep.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

ATTACK

(Analysis of Truck Traffic: Airpollution, Cargo and

Kilometrage)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Bert van Wee

Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743654 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE : Forecasting energy use and emissions of trucks and vans

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change, acidification, disturbance

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : transport demand by economic sector; emissions and energy use

by trucks and vans

Compartments : air

Components/compounds : economic sectors, vehicles

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: national

Temporal resolution

Timestep : year Calculation timestep : year

Output timestep : - (preset output times: 2000, 2015)

Input data : sectoral economic growth, logistic parameters, parameters of

emissions per component, parameters of fuel consumption per

vehicle type

Output data : number of vehicles per type, vehicle use, emissions of NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC,

CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, particulates, SO<sub>2</sub>, energy use

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : spreadsheet
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem and machine dependent: up to 15 min. on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

SOP : no So User's guide : yes

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, developed at NEI, Rotterdam, The Netherlands

User contract mandatory? :
Costs :

8. DOCUMENTATION

Uittenbogaart, P.J, 1992. ATTACK: Een interactief computer-simulatiemodel voor het bedrijfsvoertuigenpark. Technische specificatie; Gebruikershandleiding bij softwarepakket. Nederlands Economisch Instituut (NEI), Rotterdam.

Uittenbogaart, P.J, 1993. ATTACK: Een interactief computer-simulatiemodel voor het bedrijfsvoertuigenpark. Functionele specificatie. Nederlands Economisch Instituut (NEI), Rotterdam.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : BILTH (BILTHoven cow-model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Compartmental model for calculation of the day by day resulting

concentrations of radionuclides in the air-pasture-cow-milk/meat

pathway during a nuclear incident

4. POLICY THEME : Nuclear accident management; especially influence of grazing bans

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : contamination of pasture, milk, meat

Compartments : air (local), pasture, cow

Components/compounds : Radioactive material (used for <sup>131</sup>I, and <sup>137</sup>s)

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : OD

Length scale : not applicable

**Application scale** : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : day

Output timestep : day and/or time-integrated

Input data : Rainfall (per day), concentration in air (per day), several parameter

values like interception, weathering time, pasture consumption rate,

transfer factors

Output data : Concentrations of radionuclide considered in pasture, deposition,

milk, meat and corresponding uncertainty and/or sensitivity

analyses

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch: both possible

Communication language

English

Computer code

Programming language : Borland Turbo Pascal 4.0

Comment language : English

Runtime : Depending on number of iterations: sec.-min. on a PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0

sop : yes SOP no.: LSO/MOP/009

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

BIOMOVS Technical Report No.13 (parts 1 and 2). Scenario A4, Multiple model testing using Chernobyl fallout data of I-131 in forage and milk and Cs-137 in forage, milk beef and grain. NIRP, Stockholm.

BILTH: Een stralingsbelasting-model voor de besmettingsroute lucht-gras-koe-melk. Berichten uit het RIVM 1987, pp.312-314, Bilthoven, 1988.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : BIOME

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV/LBG

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : The BIOME model simulates the distribution of global vegetation

patterns (biomes) by determining the availability of plant

functional types with respect to climatic indices.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate Change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Plant distribution

Compartments : Plant Functional Types

:

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: variable (Default is 0.50 longitude and latitude)

Dimension : 2I

**Length scale** : 0.5 ○ longitude and latitude

Application scale : global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep :

Input data : Soil moisture Holding Capacity and Monthly data on temperature,

precipitation and cloudiness.

Output data : Distribution of plant functional types

:

:

User interface

Operation : Batch

Communication language

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: -

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Leemans, R., 1992. Modelling ecological and agricultural impacts of global change on a global scale. Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research 51, 709-724.

Prentice, I.C., W. Cramer, S.P. Harrison, R. Leemans, R.A. Monserud & A.M. Solomon, 1992. A global biome model based on plant physiology and dominance, soil properties and climate. Journal of Biogeography 19, 117-134.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : BOSDA

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : F.J. Kragt Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030-743014 Fax: 030-252066

3. PURPOSE : Decision support by means of multi-criteria evaluation

4. POLICY THEME : all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: Decision support based on criteria, alternatives, effects of

alternatives for the criteria and weight factors for the criteria

Compartments :

Components/compounds :

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : 0D
Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : alternatives, criteria, effects/scores of alternatives per criterium,

weight factors per criterium

Output data : ranking of alternatives, including sensitivities of ranking to

uncertainties in the predicted effects

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal

Comment language : -

Runtime : seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, model developed at IvM, Amsterdam

User contract mandatory? :

Costs : contact IvM.

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Janssen, R. & M. van Herwijnen, 1992. Beslissingsondersteunend systeem voor discrete alternatieven (BOSDA). Systeembeschrijving en handleiding. IvM, Amsterdam.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : BUDYKO

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV/LBG

**Phone** : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : The Budyko model is a climate classification, which can be used

to delimit global vegetation zones. The model is used to simulate

changes in extent on a global scale.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate Change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Climate\_vegetation interactions

Compartments : Biomes Components/compounds : n.a.

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: variable (Default is 0.50 longitude and latitude)

Dimension : 2D

Length scale : 0.50 longitude and latitude

Application scale : continental / global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : n.a.
Calculation timestep : n.a.
Output timestep : n.a

Input data : Monthly average temperature, precipitation, cloudiness, vapour

pressure and albedo data

Output data : Biomes

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 15 minutes for a global application on a SUN-IPC workstation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.:

SOP : no SOP no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Budyko, M.I., 1974. Climate and Life. Academic Press, New York.

Tchebakova, N., R.A. Monserud, S. Golovanov & R. leemans, 1993. A global vegetation model based on the climatological approach of Budyko. Journal of Biogeography, in press.

Tchebakova, N., R.A. Monserud & R. Leemans, 1993. Global vegetation change predicted by the modified Budyko model. Climatic Change, in press.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CAR

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans Eerens

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-743012 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : model for estimation of yearly average and percentile

concentrations including NO2 chemistry in cities (kerbsites) resulting from traffic emissions. Total traffic emissions are estimated from traffic intensity (number and type of vehicles passing per day), driving speed and emission factor for each

vehicle type.

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : atmospheric transport and dispersion

Compartments : single box

Components/compounds : CO, NO<sub>2</sub>, benzene, black smoke, in general all chemically less

reactive species which are predominantly emitted by traffic

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : 1D

Length scale : up to several tens of meters from street centerline

Application scale : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : year
Output timestep : year

Input data : yearly averaged meteorology; background concen-trations; street

type; traffic intensity, speed and composition

Output data : yearly averaged concentration; 98 percentile values

User interface

**Operation**: Interactive

Communication language : Dutch and English

Computer code

Programming language : Pascal, Clipper

Comment language : Dutch as well as English

Runtime : small

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.2

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Eerens, H.C., 1989. CAR: a calculation of air pollution from road traffic model. RIVM Report no. 228475017.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CARMEN

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

 Name
 :
 B.J. de Haan

 Laboratory
 :
 CWM

 Phone
 :
 030-743080

3. PURPOSE : Scoping of environmental policy scenarios, scenario-analysis,

environmental, public health and economic impact assessement.

4. POLICY THEME : in principle: all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : economic activity (agriculture, transport, energy production),

emissions, resource use, transport & conversion of compounds,

ecological dynamics.

Compartments : economic/technical, air, soil, groundwater, surface water, forest,

heathland, wetlands, aquatic communities, agro-ecosystem, human

population

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

currently: compounds relevant to acidification theme

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: km

Application scale : continental: regionalized Europe

:

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : economic growth, technical measures, emissions, environmental

standards, unit costs, compartment parameters.

Output data : economic, ecological, environmental indicators

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : MatLab Comment language : English

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: -

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **CARSMOG** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Michiel van den Anker Name

Laboratory :

Phone 030-742509 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE model for the estimation of hourly concentrations of air pollutants

in city streets due to automotive exhaust.

4. POLICY THEME dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** Atmospheric transport and dispersion. Concentrations are

> calculated from traffic and geometric data in cities by extrapolation of on-line measurements on street, background and wind stations.

Compartments single box : Components/compounds CO, NO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>

Spatial resolution

Discretization fixed : Dimension 1D

Length scale up to several tens of meters from street centerline :

Application scale :

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** fixed : Calculation timestep hour : Output timestep hour :

Input data on-line measurements of concentrations in city streets and on

background stations, wind speed and wind direction on regional

stations, mean traffic intensity, geometry of city streets

Output data 1 hour concentrations of CO, NO<sub>x</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> :

User interface

Operation Batch Communication language Dutch

Computer code

Programming language C : Comment language Dutch : Runtime small

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: 1.0 SOP SOP no.: no :

User's guide

: no Tech. ref. manual yes Application reports yes : Under development? no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : Costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Den Tonkelaar, W.A.M. & H. Wildschut, 1993. Ontwikkeling van CARSMOG: Een systeem voor het on-line berekenen van het luchtverontreinigingsniveau in stadstraten door middel van extrapolatie van metingen in andere straten. IMW-TNO, Delft, Rapport 93/084.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CATS-1

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : T. Traas, T. Aldenberg

Laboratory : LWD

Phone : 030-742609 Fax: 030-252066

3. PURPOSE : Prediction of Cadmium-accumulation in meadows, both biotic and

abiotic, on different soil types

4. POLICY THEME : risk assessment, fate of chemicals

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Assimilation, uptake, respiration, excretion, mortality, predation,

sedimentation, resuspension, mineralization, sorption, leaching

Compartments : soil, litter, vegetation, soil fauna, herbivores, predators

Components/compounds : dryweight, cadmium

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: cmApplication scale: regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : year
Output timestep : year

Input data : starting values for biomass of biota and concentrations, cadmium

loading, soil characteristics

Output data : concentrations in all compartments, biomass of biota, bio-

concentration factors

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : ACSL Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 min. for 25 year simulation on a 486 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.31

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Traas, T.P. & T. Aldenberg, 1992. CATS-1: a model for predicting contaminant accumulation in a meadow ecosystem. The case of cadmium. RIVM Report no. 719103001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CATS-2

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : T. Traas, T. Aldenberg

Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030-742609 Fax: 030-252066

:

3. PURPOSE : Prediction of toxicant accumulation in ecosystems in sedimentation

areas of the Dutch Delta area, both in biotic and abiotic

compartments

4. POLICY THEME : risk assessment, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Assimilation, uptake, respiration, excretion, mortality, predation,

sedimentation, resuspension, mineralization, sorption

Compartments : water, sediment, biota in foodweb (phytoplankton, zooplankton,

herbivorous fish, predatory fish, detritivorous and omnivorous

benthic fauna, clams, benthivorous birds, piscivorous birds)

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

dryweight, toxicant (cadmium, lindane, etc.)

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: mApplication scale: regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : year
Output timestep : year

Input data : starting values for biomass of biota and concentrations, loading of

respective chemical, water characteristics

Output data : concentrations in all compartments, biomass of biota, bio-

concentration factors

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : ACSL Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 min. for a 25 year simulation on a 486 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.0

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Traas, T.P., P.R.G. Kramer, T. Aldenberg & M.J. 't Hart, 1993. Prediction of toxicant accumulation in sedimentation areas of the Dutch Delta Region. RIVM Report no. 739103001, in prep.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CLEAN

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : K.F de Boer

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030-743530 Fax: 030-250740 Email: mtvfb@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of NH<sub>3</sub> emissions, N, P and K loads from manure.

4. POLICY THEME : Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : NH<sub>3</sub> emissions, manure production, distribution & application

Compartments : air, soil

Components/compounds: Manure, NH<sub>3</sub>, N, P, K

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable
Dimension : 2D

Length scale : variable, depends on data

Application scale : local, regional (data dependent)

Temporal resolution

Timestep :

Calculation timestep : immediate
Output timestep : Identical to input

Input data : # animals, crop area, excretion coefficient, stable technology
Output data : N, P, K load per crop per region, NH<sub>3</sub> emission per source per

region

User interface

Operation : Input via database interactive; run batch

Communication language : English/dutch

Computer code

Programming language : C++ & Ingres-Windows 4GL

Comment language : English

Runtime : for one year for 31 regions 2 min. on a UNIX system.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? :
User contract mandatory? :
Costs :

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Mooren, M.A.M. & N.J.P. Hoogervorst, 1993. CLEAN, het RIVM-landbouwmodel. Deel 1: modelstructuur, versie 1.0. RIVM Report no. 259102004

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CONTOUR

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : E.J.M. Veling

Laboratory : CWM

**Phone** : 030-742072 Fax: 030-250740 Email: cwmedve@rivm

3. PURPOSE : CONTOUR calculates groundwater potentials. Treats a half-infinite

deep aquifer with a natural groundwater flow, infiltration, partial well screens and drains. Can also be used with FLOPZ1 and

FLOPZN.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, desiccation, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Solution of Laplace equation for determination of the groundwater

potential.

**Compartments** : Groundwater.

Components/compounds : Aquifers and/or aquitards

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: continuous

**Dimension**: 3D, the vertical dimension is approximative

Length scale : 10 - 5000 m

Application scale : local/regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : stationary solution

Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Strength a natural groundwater flow; strength infiltration; location

and strength partial well screens; location and strength drains.

Output data : Graphical presentation of groundwater potential as contour plots.

User interface

Operation : interactive & batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : About 0.5-1 min. for a more complex problem on a 386PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0 (4-1-91)

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Veling, E.J.M., 1991. CONTOUR, A computer program to draw isohypse patterns. RIVM, Internal Memorandum, version 2.

Beugelink, G.P. & J.H.C. Mülschlegel, 1989. Winning van freatisch grondwater in Nederland; hoe lang nog? H<sub>2</sub>O 22, 590-594.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **CREAMOD** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Erik Noordijk

Laboratory LLO

Phone 030-743012 Fax: 030-287531 •

3. PURPOSE CREAMOD assists in the definition, creation and usage of models

> which predict air quality in the coming hours or days. The basis of the models consists of statistical relations between meteorological measurements of KNMI and RIVM and the related concentrations of air polluting compounds, as measured by the

Dutch National Air Quality Monitoring Network.

4. POLICY THEME dispersion, summer/winter smog

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** statistical handling of network data

Compartments atmospheric boundary laver :

Components/compounds in principle all compounds which are measured by the National :

Air Quality Monitoring Network

Spatial resolution

Discretization fixed: location of measuring stations

regional

Dimension

Length scale the same spatial resolution as the measurements of the National :

Air Quality Monitoring Network for the compound

Application scale :

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable: the time resolution can be one hour or one day

Calculation timestep

Output timestep :

Input data a meteorological prognosis and measurements of the last hours of

the compound

Output data : a prognosis of concentrations on the monitoring stations of the

National Air Quality Monitoring Network

User interface

Operation Interactive : Communication language Dutch

Computer code

Programming language **FORTRAN** : Comment language : Dutch

Runtime small, less than one minute

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: -SOP no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes Tech. ref. manual yes Application reports : yes

**Under development?** no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : Costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Noordijk, E., 1991. CREAMOD. Technical documentation. RIVM, internal report, draft.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CRITLO

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.-P. Hettelingh

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030 - 743048

3. PURPOSE : Computation of critical loads for acidity, sulphur and nitrogen.

Related to RAINS.

4. POLICY THEME : acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Steady State Mass Balance of soil and water chemistry

Compartments : forest-soils, surface water

Components/compounds : acidic

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable
Dimension : 2D

Length scale : gridded  $(150x150 \text{ km}^2)$  and  $1^{\circ}x0.5^{\circ}$ 

Application scale : regional/continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : steady state

Calculation timestep : n.a Output timestep : n.a.

Input data : forest landuse, soil/water chemistry

Output data : Critical loads in eq/ha yr

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : DBASE, DBSPANS

Comment language : English

Runtime : couple of real minutes

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: -

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes

Under development? : yes, in connection with RIVM GIS

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes for SPANS and GEOMAN users

User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Hettelingh, J.-P., R.J. Downing & P.A.M. de Smet (eds), 1991. Mapping Critical Loads for Europe. RIVM Report no. 259101001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : CSOIL

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Jan Koolenbrander, Reinier van den Berg,

Laboratory : LB

**Phone** : 030-743940/743350 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of human exposure to soil contamination.

4. POLICY THEME : Public health, risk assessment

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: human exposure pathways: inhalation, soil ingestion, dermal

uptake, drinking water intake, consumption of plants

Compartments : soil, soil water, soil air, indoor and outdoor air

Components/compounds : metals and trace elements, inorganic compounds, aromatic

compounds, polycyclic aromatic compounds, chlorinated chloro-

hydrocarbons, pesticides, other pollutants

Spatial resolution

Discretization:-Dimension:ODLength scale:-Application scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : solubility, Henry constant, molecular weight, octanol-water

distribution coefficient; Tolerable Daily Intake

Output data : potential risk: average daily dose in case of lifelong exposure; soil

and/or groundwater standards, intervention values

User interface

Operation :

Communication language

English

Computer code

Programming language : QBASIC
Comment language : none
Runtime : seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: -

sop : no so no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van den Berg, R., 1991. Blootstelling van de mens aan bodemverontreiniging. Een kwalitatieve en kwantitatieve analyse, leidend tot voorstellen voor humaan toxicologische C-toetsingswaarden. RIVM Report no. 725201006.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DAMP

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Petra van Egmond

**Laboratory** : MTV-MK **Phone** : 030-743610

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of ammonia emissions from manure in the

Netherlands.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : emissions
Compartments : air

Components/compounds: ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional (Netherlands)

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : animal numbers, stable type and penetration, distribution paterns

of manure, manure application techniques and penetration.

Output data : annual NH<sub>3</sub>-emission per combination of animal type and emission

source (stable, storage, meadows, manure spreading).

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Lotus 1-2-3
Comment language : Dutch
Runtime : 3 sec.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no Tech. ref. manual : no

Application reports : no Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DAS (Dutch Acidification Systems model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Aaldrik Tiktak

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743343. Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of the effects of acidification abatement strategies on

forests, forest soils, heathland and heathland lakes. Calculation of deposition of potential acid on these receptors by means of Source

Receptor Matrices.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric emission and deposition, soil chemistry, nutrient

cycling, forest growth, surface water chemistry

Compartments : air, soil, vegetation, heathland lakes

Components/compounds : H<sup>+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>,

RCOO.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 1 DLength scale: kmApplication scale: regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : 1 day - 1 year

Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : emission scenario's for acidifying compounds, characteristics of

soil, water and vegetation

Output data : effects of these scenarios on chemical concentration and fluxes in

air soil and water, forest growth, heathland survival

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : ANSI C & FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : 24 hours (HP workstation)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: -

sop : yes sop no.: LBG/808

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Bakema et al., 1990. Dutch Acidification Systems model - Specifications. Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification 114.1.01. RIVM, Bilthoven.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DCOW

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : H.J.G.M. Derks

Laboratory : BFT Phone : 030-742033

3. PURPOSE : Predicting kinetics of 2,3,7,8-TCDD in cow's

4. POLICY THEME :

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Oral uptake, distribution and elimination via milkfat excretion and

metabolism

Compartments: Blood, liver, udder, fat, poorly and richly perfused organs/tissues

Components/compounds : 2,3,7,8-TCDD

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : 1 d

Input data : dose, fat weight, milk production

Output data: Various kinetic parameters (C(t), AUC, half lifes, etc.) for milk

organs and tissues

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

**Programming language**: Simusolv-ACSL, FORTRAN 77

Comment language :

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: -

SOP : no SOP no.: User's guide : no

Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DEADM

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Jan Willem Erisman

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-742824 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : calculation of deposition flux of SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>y</sub>, and NH<sub>x</sub> with high

spatial resolution using an inferential method

4. POLICY THEME : acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : deposition processes

Compartments : atmospheric boundary layer

Components/compounds: acidifying components: SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>y</sub>, NH<sub>y</sub> and HCl

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: 5 km

**Application scale** : 5x5 km to national

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable Calculation timestep : 2h

Output timestep : monthly, seasonal or yearly averaged

Input data : concentrations, meteo parameters, roughness map

Output data : deposition fields

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English

Runtime : 3-4 days on HP9000-840 for calculation of the whole of The

Netherlands

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

sop : no sop no.: LLO/AP/100

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Erisman, J.W., 1991. Acid deposition in the Netherlands. RIVM Report no. 723001002.

Erisman, J.W., 1992. Atmospheric deposition of acidifying compounds in The Netherlands. Thesis, Univ. of Utrecht.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **DeltaWat** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Joost Knoop :

Laboratory **LWD** :

030 - 743127 Fax: 030 - 252066 Phone

3. PURPOSE To trace the upstream sources of pollutants in sedimentation areas,

and Dutch coastal regions, and to conduct an environmental

assessment of the effects in the Dutch delta

4. POLICY THEME Dispersion, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes transport; sorption; algal growth; sedimentation; resuspension;

burial; diffussion; nitrification; denitrification; oxygen exchange;

mineralization

Compartments water, sediments, phytoplankton

Components/compounds nutrients: N, P, Si; heavy metals: Cd :

Spatial resolution

Discretization fixed 2D **Dimension** Length scale meter : Application scale fluvial :

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** variable variable Calculation timestep Output timestep variable

Input data initial concentrations, discharges, boundary concentrations, wind

SOP no.:

speed, emissions

Output data variable

User interface

Operation Interactive & Batch :

**English** Communication language

Computer code

**ACSL** Programming language : Comment language **English** :

Runtime

6. STATUS

Final working version? Version no.: 1.0 yes SOP

no

User's guide : no Tech. ref. manual no **Application reports** : no Under development? yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? Costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DEMNAT2

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.B.S. Gan / J.G. Nienhuis

Laboratory : LBC

**Phone** : 030-743397 / 743366 Fax: 292897

3. PURPOSE : Prediction of changes in nature value due to changes in national

water management

4. POLICY THEME : Drinking Water Management and Desiccation

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Ecological effect-functions

Compartments : Ecosystems
Components/compounds : Ecological groups

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension:2DLength scale:no scaleApplication scale:regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 20 years
Output timestep : 20 years

Input data : hydrological doses, ecosystem completeness, soil information

(groundwater head classes and soil types)

Output data : changes in completeness of ecosystems and changes of nature

value of ecosystems

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77 & Arc Macro Language (GIS)

Comment language : English/Dutch

**Runtime** : variable (depends of number of calculations and type of hardware:

20.000 grid cells on HP400 is approx. 0.5 hours)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 0.07

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no (RIZA only)

User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Witte, J.P.M., C.L.G. Groen & J.G. Nienhuis, 1992. Het ecohydrologisch voorspellingsmodel DEMNAT-2; conceptuele modelbeschrijving. RIVM Report no. 714305007.

Nienhuis, J.G., J.B.S. Gan & R. Lieste, 1992. Het ecohydrologisch voorspellingsmodel DEMNAT-2; technische modelbeschrijving. RIVM Report no. 714305008.

Beugelink, G.P., F.A.M. Claessen & J.H.C. Mülschlegel, 1992. Effecten op natuur van grondwaterwinning t.b.v. Beleidsplan Drink- en Industriewatervoorziening en MER. RIVM Report 714305010.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DILMOD

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : A.C.M. de Nijs

Laboratory : LWI

**Phone** : 030 - 743812 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE : Estimation of dilution of effluents from waste water treatment

plant in the Netherlands

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : distribution and removal

Compartments : water

Components/compounds : various compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 2D

Length scale : variable

**Application scale** : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : steady state

Calculation timestep :

Output timestep :

Input data : concentration in effluent, effluent discharge, surface water

discharge

Output data : concentration/dilution gradients in surface water

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

**Programming language**: Mathcad / Lotus 1-2-3

Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 minute on 486-PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -

Costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

De Greef, J. & De Nijs, A.C.M., 1990. Risk assessment of new chemical substances. Dilution of effluent in The Netherlands. RIVM Report no. 670208001.

De Nijs, T. & De Greef, J., 1992. Ecotoxicological risk evaluation of the cationic fabric softener DTDMAC. II. Exposure modelling. Chemosphere 24, 611-627.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Dioxin Chain Model

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Wout Slob
Laboratory : CWM
Phone : 030-743242

3. PURPOSE : Estimation of dioxin concentrations in cow's milk resulting from

emissions of a local source

4. POLICY THEME : Risk management

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: emission, atmospheric dispersion, dry and wet deposition,

accumulation in soil, wash-off from grass by rain, toxicokinetics

in cow

Compartments : atmosphere, soil, grass, cow

Components/compounds : PCDDs/PCDFs

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 2D

Length scale :

**Application scale** : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 month
Output timestep : 1 month

Input data : emission, source characteristics (stack height, heat content, particle

size distribution), meteo

Output data : dioxin concentrations in cow's milk (long or short term)

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN, Genstat

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0 SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes

Application reports : yes Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Slob, W., O. Klepper & J.A. van Jaarsveld, 1993. A chain model for dioxins: from emissions to cow's milk. RIVM Report no. 37050139.

Slob W. & J.A. van Jaarsveld, 1993. A chain model for dioxins: from emission to cow's milk. Chemosphere 27, 509-516.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : DRANC (Dutch Risk Assessment system for New Chemical

substances)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : D.T. Jager Laboratory : ECO

**Phone** : 030 - 743783

3. PURPOSE : Preliminary risk/hazard assessment for new chemical substances

for human beings, aquatic organisms and micro-organisms in a

waste water treatment plant.

4. POLICY THEME : Risk management

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Sorption to sludge/sediment/soil, biodegradation, volatilization,

dilution, bioconcentration / bio-accumulation, leaching, transport through air, deposition, drinking water purification, waste water

treatment.

Compartments : Air, surface water, soil, groundwater, drinking water, plants, cattle

(meat+milk).

Components/compounds : New chemical substances

Spatial resolution

Discretization: noneDimension: 0D

Length scale : 100-1000m from a source

Application scale : local (generic = not site specific)

Temporal resolution

Timestep : steady state

Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Substance characteristics, toxicity to fish/Daphnia/algae (L(E)C50),

toxicity to micro-organisms (IC50), toxicity to mammals (DWE).

Output data : Hazard quotient + probability distribution for aquatic ecosystems,

human beings and micro-organisms.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal Comment language : English

Runtime : < 1 min. per substance

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

**SOP** : no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Toet, C. et al., 1991. Risk Assessment System of New Chemical Substances; System realisation and validation II. RIVM Report no. 679102004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EAST

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Johannes Bollen

**Laboratory** : MTV **Phone** : 030-743610

3. PURPOSE : Assessment of economic development in Eastern Europe in terms

of environmental indicators

4. POLICY THEME : Public Health, Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : economy, energy use, emissions, waste

Compartments : air, soil

Components/compounds: SOx, NOx, Cd, dust, VOC, CO2, municipal solid waste

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : 2D

Length scale : based on administrative entities

Application scale : continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 10 year

Input data : economic data, emission inventory, energy balances

Output data : emissions projections

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

**Programming language**: Lotus 1-2-3

**Comment language** : no Runtime : 5 sec.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Bollen, J.C., J.-P. Hettelingh & R.J.M. Maas, 1994. Scenarios for economy and environment in Central and Eastern Europe. RIVM Report, in prep.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : ECOSAT

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Dico Fraters

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-744039 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Calculate the chemical equilibrium composition of solutions in

dependency of speciation and transport.

**4. POLICY THEME** : General research model e.g. for dispersion and removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : dissolution / precipitation, adsorption / desorption, complexation

**Compartments** : aqueous systems

Components/compounds : dissolved species, sorbed species, gasses, minerals, and precipitates

of major inorganic components

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : OD
Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : equilibrium calculation

Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : components, (dissolved) species, gasses, minerals, particles, surface

species, temperature, ionic strength, total concentration of

components

**English** 

Output data : speciation, adsorbed, precipitated and dissolved amounts of

selected components and species

User interface

**Operation**: Interactive & batch

Communication language :

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN & Pascal

Comment language : unknown

Runtime : 2 seconds on PC-386, calculating equilibrium during titration in 5

steps for- and backwards for 4 components and 21 species

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/824

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : Developed and maintained by M.G. Keizer, Agricultural University

Wageningen, Department of Soil Science and Plant Nutrition

User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : contact M.G. Keizer

8. DOCUMENTATION

Keizer, M.G., 1991. ECOSAT: a computer program for the calculation of speciation in soil-water systems. Wageningen: Agricultural University Wageningen, Department of Soil Science and Plant Nutrition.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EDGAR (Emission Database for Global Atmospheric Research)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : C.W.M. van der Maas, J.G.J. Olivier, A.F. Bouwman

Laboratory : LAI

Phone : 030-743526/3024 Fax: 030-293651 Email: laecwm@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : To calculate global emissions and to generate emission-maps of

the world on 1\*1 km grid.

**4. POLICY THEME** : for all themes but especially for greenhouse gasses .

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: the model is to be considered as a administration and calculation

tool: no specific mathematical operations

Compartments : air

Components/compounds : all chemical compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : 2D

Length scale:km, degreeApplication scale:global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : flexible (min. 1 year)

Calculation timestep:min. 1 yearOutput timestep:min. 1 year

Input data : activity levels per country for a list of economic sectors (e.g.

energy use, transportation, agricultural production); emission coefficients for different chemical compounds; activity levels per gridcel of the world (population density, deforestation etc.).

Output data : emission production, global or per country, region, gridcel, sector,

and chemical compound, for chosen years

User interface

Operation : Interactive, GUI

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language: Ingres Windows 4GL, C, ARC/Info

Comment language : English

Runtime : depends on many factors (1 to 5 minutes)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : No Version no.: SOP : No SOP no.: -

User's guide : not yet, only starters guide (on-line help available)

Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Baars, H.P., Berdowski, J.J.M. & Veldt, C., 1991. Preliminary study on a global emission database (EDGAR). TNO Institude of environmental sciences, TNO-report R91/136.

Van der Maas, C.W.M., Berdowski, J.J.M., Olivier, J.G.J. & Bouwman, A.F., in prep. Information analysis of EDGAR: Emission Database for Global Atmospheric Research. RIVM report no. 776001001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EQ3NR

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Rikje van de Weerd

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743314 Fax. 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Calculate the chemical equilibrium composition of solution and the

saturation indices for minerals

**4. POLICY THEME** : General research model e.g. for dispersion and removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : dissolution/precipitation, complexation

**Compartments** : aqueous systems

Components/compounds : dissolved species, gasses, minerals

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : OD
Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : equilibrium calculation

Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : temperature, density of aqueous phase, total dissolved salts, redox

state, total concentration of components, geochemical database

Output data : speciation of solution, saturation indices of the minerals in the

database

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : Unknown

Runtime : problem dependent, about 30 sec. CPU on Alliant for a more

complex problem (calculation of equilibrium for a system with 17 active components, 252 active species and 346 active minerals,

iteration converged in 4 steps)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3245

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/822

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : Developed and maintained by Thomas J. Wolery, Lawrence

Livermore National Laboratory, California, USA

User contract mandatory? : -

Costs : contact T.J. Wolery

8. DOCUMENTATION

Wolery, T.J., 1983. EQ3NR: A Computer Program for Geochemical Aqueous Speciation-Solubility Calculations: User's Guide and Documentation. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, California, USA.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Rikje van de Weerd

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743314 Fax: 030-292897

:

EQ6

3. PURPOSE : Calculates chemical evolution in reacting systems consisting of

water and minerals or other solids (eg for titrations, reactions in

closed systems or flow through open systems)

4. POLICY THEME : Waste Removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : dissolution/precipitation, complexation, reaction kinetics

Compartments : aqueous systems

Components/compounds : dissolved species, gasses, reactants and secondary minerals

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : OD
Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep : variable (relative or absolute rate)

Output timestep : variable

Input data : kind of reacting system, temperature, relative or absolute reaction

rates, reactants with their (relative) dissolution kinetics, output

from EQ3NR or previous EQ6 run, geochemical database

Output data : speciation of solution, saturation indices of the minerals in the

database, amount of reactants destroyed and secondary minerals

formed as a function of (relative) time

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent, up to more than 3 hours CPU on Alliant for

a more complex problem

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3245

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/823 User's guide : yes

Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : Developed and maintained by T.J. Wolery, Lawrence Livermore

National Laboratory, USA

User contract mandatory? :

Costs : Contact T.J. Wolery

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Wolery, T.J. & S.A. Daveler, 1989. EQ6: A computer Program for Reaction Path Modeling of Aqueous Geochemical Systems: User's Guide and Documentation. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, California, USA.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : ESCAPE

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.M. Alcamo

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030-743487 Fax: 030-250740 Email: mobijoe@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Evaluation of Policy Options to Deal with the Greenhouse Effect

4. POLICY THEME : Global change, climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: Greenhouse effect, atmospheric dynamics, atmospheric chemistry,

sea level rise, impacts

Compartments : Air, water, land use

Components/compounds : Greenhouse gases, temperature, precipitation, emissions

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: Europe

Application scale : regional, continental, global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : year
Output timestep : 5-year

Input data : Data on population, GNP, energy (fuel, solar, etc.), climate,

atmosphere

Output data : Emissions, concentrations, temperature (global and regional), sea

level rise, climate change, risk assessment

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal, FORTRAN 77, C

Comment language : English

Runtime : about 2 hours on PC 386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes (Distributor: Climate Research Unit, Norwich, U.K.)

User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Development of a Framework for the Evaluation of Policy Options to deal with the Greenhouse Effect:

- A User Manual for the ESCAPE Software: Version 1.1
- Summary Report: Assessment of Strategic Options
- Economic Evaluation of Impacts and Adaptive Measures in the European Community
- A Scientific Description of the ESCAPE Model: Version 1.1

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : ETX

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : T. Aldenberg

Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030 - 743137 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE : calculation of maximum allowable concentration from laboratory

toxicity data; calculation of percentage unprotected species at

given exposure data

4. POLICY THEME : risk assessment

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : confidence limits of percentiles of a logistic distribution

Compartments : Components/compounds : any

Spatial resolution

Discretization :

Dimension : 0D

Length scale : Application scale :

Temporal resolution

Timestep :
Calculation timestep :
Output timestep :

Input data : laboratory toxicity data (NOEC)

Output data: left confidence limits of safe concentrations (95%, 50%)

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal 5.5

Comment language : English
Runtime : seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.3a

SOP : no SOP no.: -

SOP : no
User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes

Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : yes
Costs : Dfl. 700,-

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Aldenberg, T. & W. Slob, 1991. Confidence Limits for Hazardous concentrations based on logistically distributed NOEC toxicity Data. RIVM Report no. 719102002.

Aldenberg, T., 1993. ETX 1.3a. A program to calculate confidence limits of hazardous concentrations based on small samples of toxicity data. RIVM Report no. 719102015.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EUPUFF

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Addo van Pul

Laboratory : LLO

Phone : 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531 Email: addo@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : lagrangian model for the real-time calculation of concentration and

deposition of accidentially released pollutants; calculation of

prognostic concentrations fields.

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric transport, dispersion, deposition and (first order)

chemical transformation

**Compartments**: atmospheric boundary layer (2 levels up to ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds : gaseous or particulate pollutants and components which show a

linear decay (e.g. radioactive material)

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 3D

Length scale : minimal 30 km

Application scale : from local to continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed: one hour

Calculation timestep : depending on wind speed (max .5 hour)

Output timestep : one hour

Input data : actual meteorology (special meteo-database is required); source

info (source strenght, emission height, location, etc)

Output data : hourly averaged concentration and deposition fields

User interface

Operation : Interactive or Batch

Communication language : english

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : dutch/english

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 4.0

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes

Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no, only at KNMI

User contract mandatory? : - Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Pul, W.A.J., 1992. Technical description of the RIVM/KNMI Puff dispersion model version 4.0. RIVM Report no. 222501003.

Verwer, G.H.L. & De Leeuw, F.A.A.M, 1992. An Operational Puff dispersion model. Atmos. Envir. 26A, 3179-3193.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EUROS

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Liesbeth de Waal

Laboratory : LLO

Phone : 030-742362 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : eulerian model for calculation of deposition and concentration of

SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and their oxidation products during episodes.

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion, acidification, winter smog forecasting

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric transport, dispersion, deposition and chemical

transformation

Compartments : atmospheric boundary layer (4 levels up to ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds :  $SO_2$ ,  $SO_4$ ,  $NO_x$ ,  $NO_3$ 

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 3D

Length scale:ca. 55x55 kmApplication scale:continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : depending on windspeed

Output timestep : one hour

Input data : actual meteorology (obtained from ECMWF/KNMI), special

meteo-database is required. Emissions of SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> on a European scale (55x55 km<sup>2</sup>), an indication of the distribution of total emissions over the source categories heavy industry, small

industry, traffic and space heating is required.

Output data : hourly concentration and deposition fields

User interface

Operation : Interactive and/or Batch

Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN

Comment language : mixture of english and dutch

Runtime : ca. 20 min CPU (HP9000) per 24h simulation period ??

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Rheineck Leyssius et al., 1990. A regional scale model for the calculation of episodic concentration and deposition of acidifying components. Water Air Soil Pollut. 51, 327-344.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

EUTREND

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

: Hans van Jaarsveld

Laboratory

: LLO

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

:

Phone

: 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531 Email: hansvj@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE

calculation of (long term) atmospheric concentration and deposition of primary emitted and secondary produced (acidifying)

components over Europe; general purpose model

4. POLICY THEME

dispersion, acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

atmospheric transport, dispersion, dry and wet deposition and

chemical transformation

Compartments

atmospheric boundary layer (2 levels up to ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds

SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>, aerosols, POPs

Spatial resolution

Discretization
Dimension

variable; for Europe: 1º longitude x 0.5º latitude

: 3D

Length scale

: variable from 100 m up to 4000 km

Application scale

Europe including western Atlantic Ocean or sub areas

Temporal resolution

Timestep

variable: from one specific month to a multi-year period

Calculation timestep

: II.a.

Output timestep

variable: from one specific month to a multi-year period

Input data

meteorological data (primary and secondary) derived from ECMWF/KNMI surface observations and analysed wind fields over Europe; emissions: within the area of interest emissions must be given with a resolution corresponding with the required

resolution of the deposition/concentration maps;

Output data

grids of concentration in air and precip. and dry and wet

deposition

User interface

Operation

Interactive / Batch

Communication language

English

Computer code

Programming language Comment language : FORTRAN: English

no

no

yes

yes

Runtime

: proportional to no. of sources and receptors, usually 1 min.- 1 day

6. STATUS

Final working version?

SOP

yes Version no.: 1.11no SOP no.: -

User's guide :
Tech. ref. manual :
Application reports :
Under development? :

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Jaarsveld, J.A., 1993. Atmospheric deposition of cadmium, copper, lead, benzo(a)pyrene and lindane over Europe and its surrounding marine areas (in prep.).

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EVAPO

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV/LBG

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Water balance model for large scale applications. The model is

currently set up for global applications.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Potential evapotranspiration, actual evapotranspiration, and runoff

Compartments : Climate and soil

Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: variable (default is 0.5 degree latitude and longitude)

Dimension : 2D

Length scale : 0.5 degree latitude and longitude
Application scale : fluvial, continental, global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : month
Output timestep : year

Input data : Soil moisture holding capacity, monthly temperature, precipitation

and cloudiness

Output data : Potential evapotranspiration, actual evapotranspiration, and runoff

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : n.a.

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 4 hours for a global application (=63483 cells) on a SUN IPC

6. STATUS

Final working version ? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling cost

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Leemans, R. & G.J. van den Born, 1993. Determining the potential global distribution of natural vegetation, crops and agricultural productivity. Water, Air and Soil Pollution, in press.

Leemans, R. & W.P. Cramer, 1991. The IIASA database for mean monthly values of temperature, precipitation and cloudiness on a global terrestrial grid. RR-91-18, International Institute of Applied Systems Analyses, Laxenburg. Prentice, I.C., W. Cramer, S.P. Harrison, R. Leemans, R.A. Monserud & A.M. Solomon, 1992. A global biome model based on plant physiology and dominance, soil properties and climate. Journal of Biogeography 19, 117-134. Prentice, I.C., M.T. Sykes & W. Cramer, 1993. A simulation model for the transient effects of climate change on forest landscapes. Ecological Modelling 65, 51-70.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EXPECT

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : L.C. Braat Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030-743704 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE : Scoping of environmental policy scenarios, scenario-analysis,

environmental and economic impact assessement.

4. POLICY THEME : in principle: all; currently: acidification, and partly eutrophication

and dessication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: economic activity (agriculture, transport, energy production),

emissions, resource use, transport & conversion of compounds,

ecological dynamics.

Compartments: economic, emissions, air, soil, groundwater, forest, heathland,

wetlands,

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

currently: compounds relevant to acidification and eutrophication

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: km

Application scale : regionalized national

:

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : economic growth, technical measures, emissions, environmental

standards, unit costs, compartment parameters.

Output data : economic, ecological, environmental indicators

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : C++
Comment language : English

Runtime : current models: several minutes

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 
SOP : no SOP no.: 
User's guide : for several modules

Tech. ref. manual : for several modules

**Application reports** : no **Under development?** : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Braat, L.C. (ed.) et al., 1991. EXPECT, outline of an integrated model for environmental Scenario analysis and impact assessment. RIVM Report no. 259102001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EXPECT-forsol

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Meijers, J.G. van Minnen

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030-743556 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE : Predict the growth of tree stands under forest management and

environmental stress scenarios

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, eutrophication, desication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: tree growth, root and leaf uptake, photosynthesis

Compartments : leaf, fine roots and wooden tissue Components/compounds : N, C, Ca, Mg, K, dry weight biomass

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed / variable

Dimension : 1D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : soil data, air concentration and deposition, species specific tree

parameters

Output data: dry weight of the compartments, contents of N, Mg, K and Ca in

the compartments, height and diameter development

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : C++
Comment language : English

Runtime : 5-10 seconds for 100 years and one site type (on a PC-386 under

Unix)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 1.0

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Minnen, J.G. & R. Meijers, 1993. Forsol, the EXPECT forest module. RIVM Report no. 259102005.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EXPECT-Heathsol

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : A.H. Bakema

Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743531 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE : Predict the development of a heather/grass vegetation in

dependence of various N-deposition regimes

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Growth, Nitrogen uptake, light- and N-competetion

**Compartments** : roots, stems, leaves, branches

Components/compounds : N, C, dry weight

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : 1D
Length scale : -

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : growth- and competition, characteristics for the heather- and grass-

species, and nitrogen deposition

Output data : dry weight, N- and C-content of the species

User interface

Operation : within EXPECT interactive, otherwise batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : C++
Comment language : English

Runtime : 3 seconds on an PC-386 for 100 years simulation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.2

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : no
Costs : none

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Bakema, A.H., R. Meijers, R. Aerts, F. Berendse & G.W. Heil, 1993. Heathsol, a heathland competition model for use in scenario-analysis. RIVM Report no. 259102006.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EXPECT-locate

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : K.F de Boer Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743530 Fax: 030-250740 Email: mtvfb@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Distribute national (Dutch) emissions over regions

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: Multiplication of one emission with a distribution vector

Compartments : n.a.

Components/compounds: Now available: SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and NH<sub>3</sub> in 1980. Can be extended if

data are available

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : 2D

Length scale : variable, depends on data

Application scale : regional / fluvial / continental / global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : n.a.

Calculation timestep : immediate

Output timestep : Identical to input

Input data : Total emissions per timestep, distribution of these emissions in one

or more years for these compounds

Output data : distributed emissions

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : n.a.

Computer code

Programming language : C++
Comment language : English

Runtime : Depends on number of matrices available (read time). Calculation

time for one year of input -> output: 0.1 sec on a UNIX system.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.2

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Bakema, A.H., K.F. de Boer, G.W. Bultman, J.J.M van Grinsven, C. van Heerden, R.M. Kok, J. Kros, J.G. van Minnen, G.M.J. Mohren, T.N. Olsthoorn, W. de Vries & F.G. Wortelboer, 1990. Dutch Acidification Systems Model - Specifications. Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification, report no. 114.1-01. RIVM, Bilthoven.

G.J. Hey & T. Schneider (eds), 1991. Final report second phase Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification. Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification, report no. 200-09. RIVM, Bilthoven.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : EXPO

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : G.M.H. Laheij

Laboratory : LSO

**Phone** : 030-743829 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : EXPO is a simple model to calculate the dose due to external

radiation and the inhalation of radioactive (soil) particles.

4. POLICY THEME : Human Exposure

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : External radiation and inhalation

Compartments : soil

Components/compounds : radionuclides

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : activity in soil, gamma energies of radionuclides, inhalation rate,

conversion factors, dust level

Output data : dose due to external radiation and inhalation

User interface

Operation : Batch Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : < 1 second on a HP 9000 computer

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

**SOP** : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/005

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Uijt de Haag, P.A.M. & G.M.H. Laheij, 1993. The MiniBIOS model (version 1A4) at the RIVM. RIVM Report no. 715204004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FACTS (Forecasting Airpollution by Car Traffic Simulation)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Bert van Wee

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030-743654 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE : Forecasting energy use and emissions of CARS; forecasting car

use and car ownership

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change, acidification, disturbance

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: (car) travel behaviour by households; emissions and energy use by

cars

Compartments : air

Components/compounds : households, cars

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: national

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : year

Output timestep : - (preset output times: 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010, 2015)

Input data : nr. of households per household class, fuel prices, fixed and

variable costs of cars per cartype, parameters of emissions per

component, parameters of fuel consumption per car type

Output data: number of cars, car use, emissions of NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC, CO<sub>2</sub>, CO,

particulates, SO<sub>2</sub>; energy use

User interface

**Operation** : interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem and machine dependent: up to 15 min. on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

Available outside RIVM? : yes, developed at NEI

User contract mandatory? : - Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

7. AVAILABILITY

Pronk, M.Y., H. Rose, P.M. Blok, H.J. Smit, 1993. FACTS 2.0 Forecasting Airpollution by Car Traffic Simulation, Nederlands Economisch Instituut.

Van Wee, B. & M.Y. Pronk, 1992. Market-based and technical solutions: the use of the FACTS model in environmental forecasting. Paper presented at the 1992 Cambridge Econometrics Annual Conference Transport, Communications and the Economy, 6-7 July, Fitzwilliam College, Cambridge.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FAME (Friendly Applied Modelling Environment)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : F.G. Wortelboer

Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030 - 743128 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE : General modelling environment for user-specified models

4. POLICY THEME : all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: Integration of Ordinary Differential Equations, Presentation of

results

Compartments :

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: variable

**Dimension** : 0D, 1D, 2D & 3D

Length scale : variable

Application scale : local, regional, fluvial, continental & global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep : controlled by error criteria on state variables

Output timestep : controlled by user

Input data : to be specified by user

Output data : to be specified by user

User interface

**Operation**: Interacttive & Batch

Communication language : English, general modelling language

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal 5.0 and higher

Comment language : English
Runtime : variable

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.0

SOP : no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes Costs : f 750

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Wortelboer, F.G. & T. Aldenberg, 1989. FAME: Friendly Applied Modelling Environment, Version 2.2 User Manual. RIVM Report no. 718900001.

Wortelboer, F.G. & T. Aldenberg, 1994. FAME: Friendly Applied Modelling Environment, Version 3.0 User Manual. RIVM Report, in prep.

Janse, J.H. & Aldenberg, T., 1991. Modelling the eutrophication of the shallow Loosdrecht Lakes. Verh. Internat. Verein. Limnol. 24, 751-757.

Admiraal, W., Mylius, S.D., De Ruyter van Steveninck, E.D. & Tubbing, D.M.J., 1993. A model of phytoplankton production in the lower Rhine river verified by observed changes in silicate concentration. J. Plankton Res. 15, 659-682.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FAO Crops Suitability Assessment

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : The crop suitability assessment determines climatically suitable

areas for crop growth together with a rainfed yield.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : crop growth and production

Compartments : n.a.

Components/compounds: climatic zone, water balance, growing season and crop growth

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: variable (default is 0.50 latitude and longitude)

Dimension : 2D

Length scale : 0.50 latitude and longitude

Application scale : continental / global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : days (interpolated from monthly values)

Output timestep : year

Input data : crop characteristics, soil water capacity and monthly values for

temperature, precipitation and cloudiness.

Output data : crop production

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : 5 hours for a global application (=63483 cells) on a SUN IPC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Anonymous, 1978. Report on the agro-ecological zones project. Report 48, Food and Agricultural Organisation of the United Nations, Rome, 158 pp.

Leemans, R. and G.J. van den Born, 1993. Determining the potential global distribution of natural vegetation, crops and agricultural productivity. Water, Air and Soil Pollution, (in press).

Leemans, R. and A.M. Solomon, 1993. The potential response and redistribution of crops under a doubled CO2 climate. Climate Research, 3: 79-96.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FCONC1, FCONC2

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Karel Kovar

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743360 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of breakthrough concentration curves at abstracting

wells, pathlines starting at wells (FCONC1) and pathlines starting at aquifer top (FCONC2). Advection and decay of a single solute.

4. POLICY THEME : drinking water production, dispersion, dessication, waste removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : advection, chemical decay

Compartments : layered aquifer
Components/compounds : water, single solute

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension:3DLength scale:m, kmApplication scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : pathlines and travel times generated by program FLOPZ1, solute

concentration variation on aquifer top (both in space and in time)

Output data : plot of concentration breakthrough curve at wells

User interface

**Operation** : batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent; seconds to minutes CPU on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1: 3.01(13-2-1989) 2: 3.01 (13-2-1989)

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/814

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K., 1988. Computer Program FCONC1, Breakthrough Concentration Curves at Abstracting Wells, Based on Pathlines Starting at Well Screen. RIVM Report no. 728520006.

Kovar, K., 1988. Computer Program FCONC2, Breakthrough Concentration Curves at Abstracting Wells, Based on Pathlines Starting at Aquifer Top. RIVM Report no. 728520007.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FLOP3N

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : E.J.M. Veling

Laboratory : CWM

Phone : 030-742072 Fax: 030-250740 Email: cwmedve@rivm

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of travel times and pathlines in a hydrological system.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, desiccation, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Solution of Laplace equation for determination of the groundwater

potential. Determination of the velocity field by analytical

derivatives.

Compartments : Maximal 10 layers (aquifers or aquitards).

Components/compounds

: water

Spatial resolution

Discretization : continuous

**Dimension** : 3D, the vertical dimension is exact

**Length scale** : 10 -1000 m

Application scale

: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : days

Calculation timestep : variable, internally performed by the model

Output timestep : to be specified by the user

Input data : Thickness, horizontal and vertical permeability, porosity layers;

location and strength partial well screens (abstraction or infiltration); boundary conditions at the top and at the bottom.

Output data : Information about the particle tracking process, location at

specified time instances. Contourlines of the potential in a to be

specified horizontal or vertical plane.

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 10 - 30 min. for a more complex problem on a PC-386.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.37 (25-5-93)

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Veling, E.J.M., 1991. FLOP3N, Pathlines in Three-Dimensional Groundwater Flow in a System of Homogeneous Anisotropic Layers. RIVM Report no. 719106001.

Maas, C., 1991. Stroming naar putten in gelaagde grond. De Ingenieur 103, 20-23.

Veling, E.J.M., 1993. FLOP- grondwaterstroming, nu ook in drie dimensies. H<sub>2</sub>O 26, 15-22.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FLOPZ1 (FLOw Path)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Roland Lieste

Laboratory : LBG

Phone : 030-743407 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Quasi-three-dimensional calculation of pathlines and travel times

of groundwater particles in the vicinity of abstracting wells in a

layered homogeneous aquifer.

4. POLICY THEME : Drinking water production, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: The movement of a water particle in a saturated, phreatic aquifer,

due to groundwater abstracting wells and natural recharge. Darcy's

law, equation of continuity.

Compartments : Fully saturated phreatic aquifer

Components/compounds : Extraction rate of wells, natural recharge

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension: $2^{1}/_{2}$  DLength scale:variableApplication scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : user defined
Output timestep : user defined

Input data : Extraction rates of wells at various sites, hydraulic conductivity,

porosity, aquifer size, several types of natural recharge

Output data: print file of X, Y and Z coordinates of particle position at time

instant T; plot file containing GTI code for particle trajectories

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 minute (for 1 well and 10 pathlines) to several hours (for several

tens of wells) on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.09 (1-2-1991)

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/812

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Lieste, R., 1989. Computer Program FLOPZ1, Pathlines in Quasi-Three-Dimensional Groundwater Flow in a Layered Homogeneous Aquifer. RIVM Report no. 728520005.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FLOPZN

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : E.J.M. Veling

Laboratory : CWM

**Phone** : 030-742072 Fax: 030-250740 Email: cwmedve@rivm

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of travel times and pathlines on a local scale in a

hydrological system, consisting of aquifers, separated by

semipermeable layers.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, desiccation, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: Solution of Laplace equation for determination of the groundwater

potential. Determination of the velocity field by analytical

derivatives.

Compartments: Maximal 10 aquifers separated by aquitards. Each aquifer consists

of maximal 10 sublayers.

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

water

**Discretization** : continuous

**Dimension**: 3D, the vertical dimension is approximative

Length scale: 10 - 5000 m

:

Application scale : local/regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : days

Calculation timestep : variable, internally performed by the model

Output timestep : to be specified by the user

Input data : Thickness, permeability, porosity layers; thickness, resistance,

porosity aquitards; location and strength extractions/infiltrations;

boundary conditions.

Output data: Information about the particle tracking process, location at

specified time instances.

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 - 2.5 min. for a more complex problem on a PC-386.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.10 (12-3-91)

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Veling, E.J.M., 1988. Computer Program FLOPZN, Pathlines in Quasi-Three-Dimensional Groundwater Flow in a System of Layered Homogeneous Aquifers. RIVM Report no. 728520005.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FLORAN

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Gerard J.M. Uffink

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743364 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Flow and transport model. Calculation of pathlines and travel

times of water particles. Movement of a single soluble species in

a horizontally layered aquifer.

4. POLICY THEME : Drinking water production, removal of radioactive waste

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : (quasi) 3D advective flow, dispersion, decay, sorption

**Compartments** : Confined aquifer.

Components/compounds : Groundwater. Soluble Contaminants.

Spatial resolution

Discretization : none

**Dimension**: Quasi 3D velocity distribution; 3D solute transport.

Length scale : variable
Application scale : local, regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep: variableCalculation timestep: user definedOutput timestep: user defined

Input data : Flow data, aquifer data, solute data, calculation control parameters

Output data : File with raw output data (time and coordinates of particle

trajectories). Post-processor (POSFLOR) evaluates raw output data

and creates plots on screen (PC):

maps with flow-pattern and contaminant plume maps with contours of iso-concentration lines

- breakthrough curves at given location in the aquifer or in

pumping well.

Screen plots may be printed via screen-dump facility.

User interface

**Operation**: Interactive menu-driven pre- and post-processor.

Communication language : English.

Computer code

**Programming language**: C (ANSI) and FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : minute to hours (problem and computer dependent)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: ?

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/811

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : yes
Costs : fl 2000.--

8. DOCUMENTATION

Documentation FLORAN???

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **FLSTAT** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Roland Lieste :

Laboratory : LBG

Phone 030-743407 Fax: 030-292897 :

3. PURPOSE Two-Dimensional calculation of pathlines and travel times of

groundwater particles based on the discrete values of the hydraulic

head in a heterogeneous and unconfined aquifer

4. POLICY THEME drinking water production, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** The movement of a water particle in a saturated phreatic aquifer, :

due to the gradient of hydraulic head. Darcy's law.

Compartments Fully saturated phreatic aquifer. :

Components/compounds hydraulic heads :

Spatial resolution

Discretization variable : Dimension 2D :

Length scale :

Application scale regional :

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** variable : Calculation timestep variable variable Output timestep :

spatially rectangular distributed hydraulic heads, conductivity, Input data

porosity

Output data print and plot (GTI) files containing coordinates of water particles :

at various time instants

User interface

Batch Operation : Communication language **English** :

Computer code

FORTRAN 77 Programming language Comment language **English** :

Runtime 1 minute to several hours on 386 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: 2.16 (8-2-1989) LBG/813

SOP SOP no.: yes

User's guide : yes Tech. ref. manual yes Application reports yes no

Under development?

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs commercial price

8. DOCUMENTATION

Lieste, R., 1989. Computer Program FLSTAT; Pathlines in Two-Dimensional Groundwater flow in a Heterogeneous Aguifer. RIVM Report no. 728520003.

Beugelink, G.P. & H. Snelting, 1989. Berekening van intrekgebieden eenvoudig met FLSTAT. H<sub>2</sub>O 22, 300-302.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : FORSKA

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Forest succession model. The model is developed to describe the

successtion of single and multi-species forest stands by simulating

establishment, growth and mortality of individual trees.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: Establishment, growth and mortality of individual trees

Compartments : Individual tree: tree species: canopy structure: patch: forest stand

Components/compounds : individual tree

Spatial resolution

**Discretization** : variable (0.1ha to large landscapes)

**Dimension** : 0D (patches are not arranged in a spatial order)

Length scale :

Application scale : local / regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable Calculation timestep : 1 year

Output timestep : 20 years (Default)

Input data : Silvicultural Species Characteristics

Output data : Forest Stand Description

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime: 1 min. for a forest stand of 1 ha and age of 200 years on SUN-IPC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Leemans, R., 1991. Sensitivity analysis of a forest succession model. Ecological Modelling 53, 247-262.

Leemans, R., 1992. Simulation and future projection of succession in a Swedish broad-leaved forest. Forest Ecology and Management 48, 305-319.

Leemans, R. & I.C. Prentice, 1989. FORSKA, a General Forest Succession Model. Meddelanden från Växtbiologiska Institutionen, 89/2, Uppsala, Sweden.

Prentice, I.C. & R. Leemans, 1990. Pattern and process and the dynamics of forest structure. J. Ecol. 78, 340-355. Prentice, I.C., M.T. Sykes & W. Cramer, 1993. A simulation model for the transient effects of climate change on forest landscapes. Ecological Modelling 65, 51-70.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : GEOMAN

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.-P. Hettelingh

Laboratory : MTV

**Phone** : 030 - 743048

3. PURPOSE : Manipulation and display of geographical data stored in DBASE

format (see also RAINS and CRITLO)

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Numerical
Compartments : Geographic

Components/compounds : Any

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension:2D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional /continental global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : any geographical data

Output data : geographical displays of (manipulated) input data

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : C
Comment language : English
Runtime : seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version ? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, developed at IIASA, Laxembourg, Austria

User contract mandatory? :

Costs : Contact IIASA.

8. DOCUMENTATION

Applied for scientific publications.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Holdridge Life Zone Classification

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : To calculate a climate classification, which can be used to delimit

global vegetation zones. The model is used to simulate changes in

extent and carbon content on a global scale

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Climate - vegetation correlations

Compartments : Components/compounds :

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable (default is 0.5 degree longitude and latitude)

Dimension : 2D

Length scale : 0.5 degree longitude and latitude

Application scale : continental / global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Monthly temperature and precipitation values

Output data : Life Zone classes

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

**Runtime**: 5 minutes for a global application on a SUN-IPC workstation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.:

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Cramer, W. & R. Leemans, 1991. Assessing impacts of climate change on vegetation using climate classification systems. In: H.H. Shugart & A.M. Solomon (Eds), Vegetation dynamics modelling and global change. Chapman-Hall, New York, pp. 190-217.

Leemans, R. & W.P. Cramer, 1991. The IIASA database for mean monthly values of temperature, precipitation and cloudiness on a global terrestrial grid. RR-91-18, Internat. Ins. of Applied Systems Analyses, Laxenburg. Monserud, R.A. & R. Leemans, 1992. The comparison of global vegetation maps. Ecological Modelling 62, 275-293.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : IMAGE 1 (Integrated Model to Assess the Greenhouse Effect)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J. Alcamo, J. Rotmans

**Laboratory** : MTV, CWM **Phone** : 030-743704

3. PURPOSE : Analysis at scenarios for managing the greenhouse effect

4. POLICY THEME : Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: emissions, atmospheric, chemical conversions, depositions,

biological

**Compartments** : atmosphere, ocean, terrestrial biosphere

Components/compounds : CO<sub>2</sub>, CFK a.o.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : few months - 1 year
Output timestep : few months - 1 year

Input data :

Output data : time series of emissions, concentrations, temperature, sea level rise

User interface

Operation : Interactive (MS-Windows version available)

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English

Runtime : variable, depending on computer and simulation time

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Rotmans, J., 1990. IMAGE. Kluwer, Dordrecht.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : IMAGE 2 (Integrated Model to Assess the Greenhouse Effect)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.M. Alcamo Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743487 Fax: 030-250740 Email: mobijoe@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Evaluation of consequences of climate policies, and investigation

of linkages and feedbacks of the society-biosphere-climate system.

4. POLICY THEME : Global change, Climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Ecological dynamics, atmospheric dynamics, ocean dynamics

Compartments : atmosphere-ocean, terrestrial environment, energy
Components/compounds : Greenhouse gases, temperature, precipitation, emissions

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed (0.5° latitude & longitude)

Dimension : 0D - 2D Length scale : km

Application scale : global, regional, local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : 1 day - 5 year

Output timestep : 1 - 5 year

Input data : Global databases (soil, climate, land cover etc.), population, GNP,

energy prices etc.

Output data : Emissions, land cover, climate, temperature, precipitation, concen-

trations

User interface

Operation:BatchCommunication language:English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English

Runtime : 2.5 days for the fully linked model form 1970 to 2100 on a Sun

IPX Workstation.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0 SOP no.: -

User's guide : no Tech. ref. manual : no

Application reports : Under development

Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : For collaborating groups User contract mandatory? : Collaboration agreement

Costs : n.a.

8. DOCUMENTATION

In: Water Air and Soil Pollution, (Subm.), Special Issue:

Alcamo, J., G.J.J. Kreileman, M. Krol & G. Zuidema, 1994. Modelling the Global Society-Biosphere-Climate System. Part 1: Model Description and Testing.

Alcamo, J., G.J. van den Born, A.F. Bouwman, B. de Haan, K. Klein Goldewijk, O. Klepper, R. Leemans, J.A. Olivier, H.J.M. de Vries, H. van der Woerd & R. van den Wijngaart, 1994. Modelling the Global Society-Biosphere-Climate System. Part 2: Computed Scenarios.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Iodine prophylaxis

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : H. Slaper Laboratory : LSO

**Phone** : 030-743488 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of the relative dose reduction effects of iodine

prophylaxis during the passage of a radioactive cloud

4. POLICY THEME : nuclear accidents

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : physiological model for inhalation and ingestion of iodine

(according to ICRP-model)

Compartments : ai

Components/compounds: several compartments in lung-model and ingestion path

Spatial resolution

Discretization:-Dimension:0DLength scale:-Application scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep: variable; hours normallyOutput timestep: variable; hours normally

Input data : nuclide, half lifetime; duration of radioactive cloud passage,

timestep

Output data : Thyroid dose reduction in relation to time of profylaxis

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal
Comment language : Dutch
Runtime : < 1 min

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : IT (Information system on environmental Technologies)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : C.J. Peek / K. Visscher

Laboratory : LAE

Phone : 030-743623 / 743041 Fax: 030-293651

3. PURPOSE : To retrieve, from technique descriptions, information which can

play a decision support role in solving environmental problems

4. POLICY THEME : -

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes :

Compartments : air, soil, waste, water

Components/compounds : contaminents

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : keyword(s)

Output data : information which can play a decision support role in solving

environmental problems

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : BRS/MNS Comment language : English

Runtime : A few seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : restricted to DGM, RIZA

User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Bruinsma, P.H., K. Visscher & A.C.F. Wiering, 1989. Definition-study report IT. RIVM Report no. 738705002. Bruinsma, P.H., K. Visscher & A.C.F. Wiering, 1989. Global/Detailed-design report IT. RIVM Report no.738705003.

Bruinsma, P.H., K. Visscher & A.C.F. Wiering, 1989. User's manual IT. RIVM Report no. 738705004.

Wiering, A.C.F. & J. Joziasse, 1990. Evaluation report IT. RIVM Report no. 738705005.

Peek, C.J., 1991. Global/Detailed-design The use of IT, version 2. RIVM Report no. 736101011.

Peek, C.J., 1991. User's manual IT, Version 2. RIVM Report no. 736101012.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Köppen Climate Classification

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R. Leemans Laboratory : MTV

Phone : 030-743377 Fax: 030-292897 Email: mobirik@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : The Köppen Climate Classification can be used to delimit global

vegetation zones.

4. POLICY THEME : Climate Change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Climate Vegetation Correlations

Compartments : Components/compounds :

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable (Default is 0.5 degree longitude and latitude)

Dimension : 2D

Length scale : 0.5 degree longitude and latitude

Application scale : continental / global

Temporal resolution

Timestep : n.a.
Calculation timestep : n.a.
Output timestep : n.a.

Input data : Monthly temperature and precipitation values

Output data : Life Zone classes

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 5 minutes for a global application on a SUN-IPC workstation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.:

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Cramer, W. & R. Leemans, 1991. Assessing impacts of climate change on vegetation using climate classification systems. In: H.H. Shugart & A.M. Solomon (eds), Vegetation dynamics modelling and global change. Chapman-Hall, New York, pp. 190-217.

Guetter, P.J. & J.E. Kutzbach, 1990. A modified Köppen classification applied to model simulations of glacial and interglacial climates. Climatic Change 16, 193-215.

Leemans, R., J.G. van Minnen & W.P. Cramer, 1994. Prediction of global biome distribution using bioclimatic equilibrium models. In: Melillo, J.M.(ed.), Global Change: Impacts on Coniferous Forests and Grasslands. J. Wiley and Sons, New York, in press.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : LGM (Landelijk Grondwater Model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Rien Pastoors, Roland Lieste

Laboratory : LBC

**Phone** : 030-743353, 030-743407. Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : calculation of regional transport of groundwater in the Netherlands.

Dedicated implementation of AQ software, ARC-INFO and

specific interface software.

4. POLICY THEME : Drinking water production, dessication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : groundwater transport

Compartments : four aquifers and top system, the Netherlands is subdivided into

ten sub-regions

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: quasi 3D

Length scale

Application scale : regional / fluvial

Temporal resolution

Timestep : -

Calculation timestep
Output timestep
: based on AQ software
based on AQ software
Input data
: based on AQ software
Output data
: based on AQ software

User interface

**Operation**: Interactive

Communication language : Dutch and English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English and Dutch

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Kovar, K., A. Leijnse & J.B.S. Gan. 1992. Groundwater Model for the Netherlands. Mathematical model development and user's guide. RIVM Report no. 714305002.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : M

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : A.J. de Bruin

Laboratory : ISC

**Phone** : 030 - 743860

3. PURPOSE : Modelling tool for the development and visualization of dynamic

models for the exploration of environmental and public health

policies

4. POLICY THEME : all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : to be specified by the user

Compartments :

Components/compounds :

Spatial resolution

**Discretization** : variable **Dimension** : variable

Length scale :

**Application scale**: variable

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : ASCII (specific format)

Output data : ASCII (idem)

User interface

Operation : Interactive & batch

Communication language : english

Computer code

Programming language : C
Comment language : english

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 2.0

SOP : no SOP no.:
User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes

Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : to be announced

8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Wijk, J., 1993. M Language Reference Manual. RIVM, Internal report.

Van Wijk, J., 1993. M Language Tutorial. RIVM, Internal report.

De Vink, P., 1993. Graphical Reference Manual. RIVM, in prep.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : MASCOT

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Gerard J.M. Uffink

Laboratory : LBC

**Phone** : 030-743364 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Transport of a Four-Member Radionuclide Decay Chain in

Groundwater.

4. POLICY THEME : Removal of radioactive waste, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: Advection, dispersion/diffusion (2D or 3D), sorption, decay,

nuclide release, safety assessment.

Compartments: Confined aquifer with uniform groundwater flow. Repository with

nuclear waste.

Components/compounds: Groundwater. Four member chain of radionuclides.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: noneDimension: 2D or 3DLength scale: variableApplication scale: local/regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : user defined
Output timestep : user defined

Input data : (uniform) groundwater flow; information on aquifer, nuclides, and

release of nuclides

Output data : nuclide concentration distribution,

User interface

Operation : Batch. Implementation on PC or main-frame

Communication language : English.

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : minute to hours (problem and computer dependent)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.:

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/810

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : Distribution by NEA Data BANK, Paris, France.

User contract mandatory? : - Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Gureghian, A.B., 1987. Analytical solutions for multidimensional transport of a four-member radionuclide decay chain in groundwater. Technical Report BMI/OCRD-25 Distribution Cat. UC-70 Battelle, Columbus Ohio. Gureghian, A.B., 1988. MASCOT USER'S GUIDE. Version 2.0. Analytical solutions for multidimensional transport of a four-member radionuclide decay chain in groundwater. Technical Report BMI/OCRD-30. Distribution Cat. UC-70, Battelle, Columbus, Ohio.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Meccano

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Wil Vrijsen
Laboratory : CWM
Phone : 030-742069

3. PURPOSE : to support policy makers, composing a package of proposed

measures to improve the environmental hygiene in the Netherlands, cost-effect relations are archived and presented in an

ordered graphical way

4. POLICY THEME : in principle all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes
Compartments
Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization

Dimension : 0D

Length scale :

Application scale : national

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep :

Input data : cost-effect relations

Output data : accumulated cost-effect curves and histograms

User interface

Operation:InteractiveCommunication language:Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Ansi C
Comment language : Dutch
Runtime : 1 sec

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Vrijsen, W., 1993. Meccano: modelbeschrijving en handleiding, CWM-memo 010/93.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : METLAN (METalen LANdbouwgrond)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.A. Annema

Laboratory : LAE

**Phone** : 030-743680

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of the emission of heavy metals to agricultural soils

4. POLICY THEME : Dispersion of toxic substances

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Multiplication of amount of manure, sludge, fertilizer and

pesticides with concentrations of heavy metals

Compartments : soil

Components/compounds : Heavy metals; manure; sludge etc.

Spatial resolution

Discretization:-Dimension:2DLength scale:hectares

Application scale : local / regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Concentration of heavy metals and amount of manure sludge, etc.

Output data : Tonnes of heavy metals emitted per year

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

**Programming language**: Lotus 1-2-3

Comment language : -

Runtime : seconds

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : no Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : METROPOL

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Arthur Beusen

**Laboratory** : CWM **Phone** : 030-742367

3. PURPOSE : simulation of groundwater flow and transport of contaminants by

groundwater

4. POLICY THEME : removal

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: groundwater flow, advection, dispersion, decay, adsorption.

Compartments : soil

Components/compounds : groundwater, dissolved contaminants

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 3DLength scale: variableApplication scale: local / regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : soil parameters, sorption/decay characteristics of contaminant,

initial/boundary conditions for flow and for concentrations

Output data : hydraulic heads, streamlines, concentrations of contaminants

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77

Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide:yesTech. ref. manual:yesApplication reports:yesUnder development?:no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : yes
Costs : hfl 5000.=

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Sauter, F., A. Leijnse & A. Beusen, 1993. METROPOL, User's guide. RIVM report no. 725205003.

Sauter, F., 1987. User's manual METROPOL, Mathematical description. RIVM report no. 728514002.

Sauter, F., M. Hassanizadeh, A. Leijnse, P. Glasbergen & A. Slot, 1990. METROPOL, a computer code for the simulation of transport of contaminants with groundwater, European Communities Commission, EUR 13073, Luxembourg.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : MiniBIOS

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : G.M.H. Laheij

Laboratory : LSO

**Phone** : 030-743829 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : MiniBIOS is a simple compartment model, designed to calculate

the transfer of radionuclides in the biosphere and the resulting

radiation dose.

4. POLICY THEME : Dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: transport, sedimentation, diffusion, bioturbation, irrigation and

plant uptake

Compartments: rivers, lakes and seas (with their sediments), soil, plants and

animals

Components/compounds : radionuclides

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 3DLength scale: kmApplication scale: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : > 1 year
Output timestep : > 1 year

Input data : source terms, nuclide dependent parameters, (e.g. transfer

coefficients, decay rates), biosphere parameters, (e.g. length of

river, area of arable land, irrigation rates).

Output data : concentrations in compartments, individual dose to man

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77, FACSIMILE

Comment language : English

Runtime : < 1 minute per nuclide on a HP 9000 computer

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1A5

sop : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/083

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, model developed by NRPB (v. 1A), adapted by RIVM (v. 1A4)

User contract mandatory? : yes Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Martin, J.S., S.F. Mobbs, R.A. Klos & I.M. Barraclough, 1991. User guide for the code MiniBIOS\_1A. NRPB-M283.

Uijt de Haag, P.A.M. & G.M.H. Laheij, 1993. The MiniBIOS model (version 1A4) at the RIVM. RIVM Report no. 715204004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : MKM (Module of Environmental Information and planning model

to calculate environmental costs

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Z.I. van Lohuizen, W. Laan

Laboratory : LAE

Phone : 030-743024 Fax:030-293651 Email: laewl@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of environmental costs of emission-, waste- and

energy-projections for several future years. The projections are based upon economic, demographic and other general scenarios. It is possible to choose different policy abatements, so one can

examine the cost-effectiveness of measures.

4. POLICY THEME : all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: the model is to be considered as a administration and calculation

tool: only simple multiplication and addition operations

Compartments : air, water, soil, waste

Components/compounds : all chemical compounds; all waste materials

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed
Dimension : 2D
Length scale : -

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : flexible (min. 1 year)

Calculation timestep : min. 1 year
Output timestep : min. 1 year

Input data : activity levels for a list of economic sectors; economic scenarios

for this sectors; possible measures and related costs, to reduce

emission or waste-production.

Output data : bruto and netto costs, split into investments and operational costs;

cost effectiveness curves per chemical compound.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Ingres Windows 4GL, C

Comment language : English, Dutch

Runtime : depends on many factors (1 to 5 minutes)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0

SOP : no SOP no.: 
User's guide : no (on-line help available)

Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Model Metal Finishing

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.P.M. Ros Laboratory : LAE

**Phone** : 030-743025 Fax: 030-293651

3. PURPOSE : To predict the results and the costs of a package of measures (in-

process measures and/or end-of-pipe treatment) in metal finishing

shops, especially metal plating.

4. POLICY THEME : distribution heavy metals, waste

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : the model is to be considered as calculation tool

Compartments : water, waste

Components/compounds : heavy metals, CN, SO4, oil/grease and others

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : general data, model shop, package of measures

Output data : amounts of the most important components in effluent, sludge and

concentrated solutions and the costs of the package of measures.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal Comment language : English

Runtime : -

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : yes
Costs : fl. 1750,-

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Ros, J.P.M., 1989. MODEL METAL FINISHING, manual and description version 2. RIVM Report no. 738715001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : MOSES (Micro-environment Oriented System for Exposure

Simulation

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : A.E.M. de Hollander

Laboratory : CCM

Phone : 030-743222

3. PURPOSE : Air pollution exposure assessment

4. POLICY THEME : Disturbance, dispersion, public health

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Linking of activity patterns and concentration levels in micro-

environments to assess human air pollution exposure

Compartments : ambiant air

Components/compounds : O<sub>3</sub>, particulate matter, NO<sub>2</sub>, Benzene, PAC's

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : activity patterns, concentration levels
Output data : distribution of population exposure

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : MS-Excel spreadsheet, @Risk

Comment language : -

Runtime : approx. 15 min.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : MOVE (Multiple stress model for the vegetation)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Joris B. Latour

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743109 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Modelling the combined effect of acidification, eutrophication and

desiccation on vegetation; setting of ecological standards.

4. POLICY THEME : acidification, eutrophication, desiccation

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: occurrence probability of 700 species for nitrogen availability, soil

pH, soil moisture and salinity, described by means of gaussian logistic regression. (Model is linked to a dynamic soil model

SMART of Winand Staring Centre.)

Compartments : one soil layer of variable size
Components/compounds : nitrogen, soil pH, soil mositure

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : 1D

Length scale :

Application scale : national (resolution of 1x1 sq. km)

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : yr

Output timestep : variable (d)

Input data : soil pH, soil nitrogen availability, soil moisture (input of SMART:

nitrogen deposition, SO<sub>2</sub> deposition, groundwaterlevel, upward

seepage of groundwater)

Output data : occurrence probability of species; ecological standards.

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Pascal Comment language : Dutch

Runtime

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1

**SOP** : no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs :

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Latour, J.B. & Reiling, R., 1993. MOVE: a multiple-stress model for vegetation. Sci. Tot. Environ., in press. RIVM Report no. 711901003(in Dutch).

Wiertz, J., Van Dijk, J. & Latour, J.B., 1992. De MOVE-vegetatie module: De kans op voorkomen van 700 plantesoorten als functie van vocht, pH, nutriënten en zout. RIVM Report no. 711901006.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL :

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Liesbeth de Waal

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-742362 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : trajectory model with non-linear atmospheric chemistry (CBM-IV

**MPA** 

mechanism) for calculation of formation and destruction of ozone

in the boundary layer.

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion, summer smog forecasting

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric transport, dispersion, deposition and non-linear

tropospheric chemistry

Compartments : atmospheric boundary layer (2 levels up to max. ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds: O<sub>3</sub>, VOC, NO<sub>x</sub>, other oxidants (e.g. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), various sec. products

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable along trajectory

Dimension : 3I

Length scale : at arrival point ca. 25 km

**Application scale** : continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable: for each selected arrival time a full trajectory calculation

have to be made

Calculation timestep: variable, in chemical integration module max 60 sec.

Output timestep : along trajectory every hour

Input data : (actual) meteorology, emission inventories over Europe of SO<sub>2</sub>,

NO<sub>x</sub>, VOC and NH<sub>3</sub> distribution of sources. VOC emissions data.

Output data : concentration at one specific time for the specified receptor area.

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN

Comment language : mixture of dutch and english

Runtime : ca. 5 min CPU (HP9000) for one 96h trajectory-run

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

**SOP** : no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

De Leeuw, F.A.A.M., et al., 1990. Calculation of long term averaged ground level ozone concentrations. Atmospheric Environment 24A, 185- 193.

Van Rheineck Leyssius & De Leeuw, F.A.A.M., 1990. An air quality forecast system for photochemical smog episodes. In: H. van Dop & D.G. Steyn (eds), Air Pollution Modelling and its Application, Vol. XIII. Plenum Press, New York.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL Nationaal Model Vermesting

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name A.H. Bakema, K.F. de Boer :

Laboratory

Phone 030-743531 / 743530 Fax: 030-250740

3. PURPOSE Predict the effects on soil and surface water of eutrophying

> substances (P and N), both from emissions and subsequent air tranport, as from runoff and leakage to surface and groundwater,

as a result of fertilization.

4. POLICY THEME Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Emissions, transport, leaching, manure processes production, **Processes** 

manure reallocation, fertilization

Compartments air, surface water, soil, groundwater :

Components/compounds N, P, chicken, pig and cow manure :

Spatial resolution

Discretization Acidification areas, agricultural areas, surface water districts :

Dimension variable :

Length scale :

Application scale national

Temporal resolution

Timestep NA, steady state calculations

Calculation timestep Output timestep

Input data number of livestock, manure production, manure processing,

emissions to air

Output data Manure surplus, phosphate saturation of the soil, nitrate leaching

to groundwater, surface water concentrations of nitrogen and

phosphate

User interface

Operation Interactive Dutch Communication language :

Computer code

Lotus 1-2-3 Programming language : Comment language Dutch :

Runtime depending on calculations: seconds to minutes on a PC-286

6. STATUS

Final working version? Version no.: 2.1 yes SOP no SOP no.: :

User's guide yes Tech. ref. manual no Application reports no : Under development? no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, the model was prepared by RPC (Resource Planning

> Consultants BV, Delft) by order of the Ministery of VROM, and was made available to all institutes participating in its construction

User contract mandatory?

Costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

User guide, including brief model description.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : NLOAD

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : W.J. Willems

Laboratory : LBG
Phone : 030-743337

3. PURPOSE : Calculates nitrate leaching from agricultural soils

4. POLICY THEME : Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : mineralisation; plant uptake; transport; leaching; emperical

relations between leaching and load

**Compartments** : soil **Components/compounds** : NO<sub>3</sub>

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: 1 m

Application scale : local, regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : N-load, manure, fertilizer, dung, soil type, nitrogen fractions

(mineral-, organic-N), crop-type, net precipitation

Output data : N-leaching flux at 1 m below surface level

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English
Runtime : 1 min.

6. STATUS

Final working version ? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: User's guide : no

Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Drecht, G. et al., 1993. Berekening van de nitraatuitspoeling naar het grondwater m.b.v. eenvoudige modellen. RIVM Report no: 724901003.

Van Drecht, G., 1993. Berekening van de nitraatbelasting van het grondwater. Achtergronddocument bij de 2<sup>e</sup> nationale milieuverkenning.

Van Drecht, G., 1993. Modelling of regional scale nitrate leaching from agricultural soils, The Netherlands. In: Applied Geochemistry, Suppl. Issue, nr. 2, pp. 175-178.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL :

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : C.R. Meinardi

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743367 Fax: 030-292879

3. PURPOSE : To predict the leaching of diffuse pollutants (nitrogen phosphorus,

**NPKRUN** 

potassium, brought in at the soil towards the draining (small)

surface water at a regional scale.

4. POLICY THEME : Eutrofication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: Physico-chemical processes (mixing); data manipulation by GIS

methods, hydrological processes;

Compartments : Soil, water.

Components/compounds : Nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2D / 3DLength scale: km

Application scale : regional / fluvial

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : 10 years
Output timestep : fixed

Input data : hydrological data, soil load data
Output data : concentrations in surface water

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : ARC/INFO; FORTRAN

Comment language : English
Runtime : several hours

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2
SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes

Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Meinardi, C.R., 1991. De stroom van voedingsstoffen (stikstof, fosfor, kalium) van de bodem naar het kleine open water. RIVM Report no. 724903004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : NUCLINS (NUCLear INStallations)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : To calculate individual, collective and maximum doses via several

pathways (water, air, external exposure, ingestion, inhalation) during exposure of the Dutch population to regular discharges of

nuclear installations in the Netherlands

4. POLICY THEME : Environmental management (nuclear installations)

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Contamination of foodchain/external exposure

Compartments : Air, water, crop, soil

Components/compounds : Discharged radioactive material

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 0DLength scale: -Application scale: regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : steady-state
Output timestep : dose per year

Input data : Discharge rates of radionuclides from nuclear installations to air

and to surface water

Output data : discharge rates to air and water; dose conversion factors; effective

individual and collective doses; compiled overview of all results

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language: Lotus 1-2-3, V3.0 spreadsheet

Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : seconds on PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes

**Under development?** : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

### 8. DOCUMENTATION

The conversion matrices are derived from the STRAVE-project reports:

Blaauboer, R.O., L.H. Vaas & H.P. Leenhouts, 1991. Stralingsbelasting in Nederland in 1988. RIVM Report no. 249103001.

Van Hienen, J.F.A., P.M. Roelofsen, A..W. van Weer & A.D. Poley, 1990. Gevolgen van lozingen bij normaal bedrijf van nederlandse kerninstallaties. ECN Report no. ECN-C-90-015.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : NUCRED (Nuclid Reduction)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : H. Slaper Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-743488 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : The selection of major dose contributing nuclides in source terms

from possible accidental releases from nuclear reactors; evaluation of deposition and air concentration related doses by means of

ingestion, external exposure and inhalation

4. POLICY THEME : Risks from nuclear power plants

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : inhalation, external exposure, atmospheric dispersion and

deposition, interception by crops, soil plant transfer, grass/soil-

cow-milk/meat, contamination of food, food consumption

Compartments : air; soil (deposition)

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed / variable

Dimension : 0/1D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional / continental

:

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed / variable

Calculation timestep : variable

Output timestep : evaluation period variable (> 1 year)

Input data : source terms, dose-conversion factors, soil-plant transferfactors;

soil characterisitics; food-consumption

Output data : doses for various exposure pathways

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal
Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : 30 sec.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.3

sop : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/013

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Slaper, H., R.O. Blaauboer & G.J. Eggink, 1993. A risk assessment for accidental releases from nuclear power plants in Europe. RIVM Report no. 743030002.

Slaper H., Dosis berekening en selectie van dosisbepalende nucliden middels het programma NuclidRecductie: NUCRED version 2.3. Achtergronddocument opgenomen in logboek LSO/L/328.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL

: NUR-2 (NUclide Reduction)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

: R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory

: LSO

Phone

: 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE

Because a large number of radionuclides is released in a nuclear accident while an early evaluation of risks for the population is needed, a fast routine was needed to reduce the number of important radionuclides to the most important ones as far as risk

is concerned.

4. POLICY THEME

Preparedness for nuclear accidents

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

Radiation dose due to cloud- and groundshine and due to

inhalation

Compartments

Air, soilsurface

Components/compounds

: 54 possible radionuclides

Spatial resolution

Discretization Dimension fixed OD

Length scale

: :

:

:

Application scale

local to regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep
Calculation timestep

variable steady-state variable

Output timestep Input data

: Discharge rates of radionuclides from nuclear accident to air

Output data

The output can be given in two ways:

a. Graphical: the 10 radionuclides that are most important

b. Tabulated: all 54 radionuclides in order of importance

User interface

Operation Communication language

Dutch

Interactive

Computer code

Programming language

Lotus 1-2-3, V3.0 spreadsheet

Comment language

Dutch

Runtime

: seconds on PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version?

yes Version no.: 2.0

SOP

: yes SOP no.:

LSO/P/081

User's guide

: no

Tech. ref. manual

: yes, LSO/KD/0191

Application reports Under development?

: no : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? User contract mandatory?

: no : -

Costs

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# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Blaauboer, R.O., 1993. Nuclide-reductie module t.b.v. het Informatie en Documentatie Centrum (IDC) voor kernongevallenbestrijding. RIVM, Bilthoven. (LSO/KD/0191)

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Ocean Carbon Uptake Model

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Olivier Klepper

Laboratory: CWMPhone: 030-743817

3. PURPOSE : Estimation of the carbon uptake by the oceans. The model may

run together with Image 2.0.

4. POLICY THEME : Global change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Chemistry, physics, biology

:

:

Compartments : Ocean water

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed, 10° latitude, 400 m depth.

**Dimension** : 2D, zonally averaged in the horizontal dimension

Length scale: two connected branches 60° N to 65° S, representing the extend

of the oceans, 4000 m deep

Application scale

Temporal resolution

global

Timestep : variable Calculation timestep : 1 year

Output timestep : to be specified

Input data : atmospheric carbon dioxide concentration, temperature, ocean

circulation rate, uv-intensity, river nutrient supply

Output data : atmosphere to ocean carbon dioxide flux, uv-damage, primary

production by phytoplankton

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English
Runtime : short

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Klepper, O., 1993. Modelling the oceanic food web using a quasi steady state approach. CWM-memo 006/93. Ecological Modelling (in press)

Klepper, O. & B.J. de Haan, 1993. A sensitivity study of the effect of global change on ocean carbon uptake. To appear in Tellus.

Klepper, O., B.J. de Haan, P. Saager & M.S. Krol, 1994. Oceanic uptake of anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub>: mechanisms and modelling. RIVM Report, in press.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : OPS (Operational Priority Substances)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans van Jaarsveld

Laboratory : LLO

Phone : 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : calculation of (long term average) concentration and deposition of

inert or chemically less reactive components. Operational version

of the TREND model

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion, acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric transport, dispersion, deposition and (first order)

chemical transformation.

**Compartments** : atmospheric boundary layer (2 levels up to max. ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds : chemically less reactive or inert gases or aerosols, e.g. heavy

metals, benzene, dioxine, pesticides, SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, NH<sub>x</sub>, etc.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 3D

Length scale : from 100 m up to 150 km Application scale : from local to continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep :

Output timestep : variable: one specific month to a 10-year averaged

Input data : meteorological statistics; emissions; aerosol size distribution

Output data : concentration and deposition fields

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language : both dutch and english version available

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : dutch/english

Runtime : depending on number of source/receptor combinations

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: V1.11 (Dutch) and V1.20E (English)

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Jaarsveld, J.A., 1990. An operational atmospheric transport model for Priority Substances: specification and instructions for use. RIVM Report no. 228603008.

Van Jaarsveld, J.A. & De Leeuw, F.A.A.M, 1993. OPS: an operational atmospheric transport model for priority substances. Environmental Software 8, 91-100.

PCLAKE

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J.H. Janse Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030 - 743136 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE

Simulation of the phosphorus, nitrogen and silica cycles, algal

biomass and transparency in non-stratifying lakes

4. POLICY THEME : Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: transport, chemical sorption, sediment-water exchange, primary,

secundary and fish production, mineralization

Compartments: Inorganic nutrients, detritus, algae (3x), zooplankton, benthos, fish

(2x), submerged plants

Components/compounds

: DryWeight, P, N, Si

Deterministic/stochastic

: deterministic, stochastic is possible

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed

**Dimension** : 1D (water + sediment)

Length scale : m - km

Application scale : local & regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable Calculation timestep : days

Output timestep : variable, typically days or weeks

Input data : water inflow, nutrient loading, temperature, dimensions, sediment

characteristics, initial conditions of states

Output data: concentrations/biomass of all states, fluxes, total P, total N,

chlorophyll-a, transparency

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language

English

Computer code

Programming language : ACSL version 10

Comment language : English

Runtime : 10 - 30 secs for a one-year simulation on a PC-486

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 4.8

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, but only with support by RIVM

User contract mandatory? : no

Costs :

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Janse, J.H., T. Aldenberg & P.R.G. Kramer, 1992. A mathematical model of the phosphorus cycle in Lake Loosdrecht and simulation of additional measures. Hydrobiologica 233: 119-136.

Aldenberg, T., J.H. Janse & P.R.G. Kramer, 1993. Fitting the dynamic model PCLAKE to a multi-lake survey through Bayesian statistics. LWD-notitie 93-4. Ecological Modelling, submitted.

**PESTLA** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Ton M.A. van der Linden :

Laboratory :

Phone 030-743342 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE Modelling the behaviour and transport of organic compounds

(pesticides) in the unsaturated zone of the soil.

4. POLICY THEME Dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes advection, diffusion, dispersion, plant-uptake, Freundlich sorption,

(pseudo) first order transformation

Compartments soil layers of variable size

Components/compounds : water, organic compound (pesticide)

Spatial resolution

Discretization fixed : Dimension 1D : Length scale : m Application scale local :

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** fixed Calculation timestep 0.02 day Output timestep variable (days) :

Input data bulk density, soil organic matter profile, soil moisture-soil suction

> relationship, soil moisture-conductivity relationship, organic matter sorption constant (Kom), Freundlich exponent, half-life time

Output data water balance, compound balance, concentration profiles, residues

in plough layer, maximum concentration in groundwater, amount

reaching saturated zone, amount taken up by plants

User interface

Operation Batch : Communication language **English** 

Computer code

Programming language : CSMP (and FORTRAN)

Comment language **English** :

ca. 0.5 hours CPU per year real time on PC-386 Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: 1.0 SOP SOP no.: : yes LBG/821

User's guide no Tech. ref. manual : no Application reports yes yes

Under development?

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? yes, contact Winand Staring Centre, P.O.Box 125, NI-6700 AC :

Wageningen

User contract mandatory? :

Costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

A.M.A. van der Linden & J.J.T.I. Boesten, 1989. Berekening van de mate van uitspoeling en accumulatie van bestrijdingsmiddelen als functie van hun sorptiecoëfficiënt en omzettingssnelheid in bouwvoormateriaal. RIVM Report no. 728800003.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : POLCOL (A model for Pollution Control in industrial situations)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : C.J. Peek

Laboratory : Laboratory for Waste Materials and Emissions

**Phone** : 030-743623 Fax: 030-293651

3. PURPOSE : To increase the transparency of the relation between pollution,

abatement and abatement costs in industrial situations.

4. POLICY THEME :

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: the model is to be considered as calculation tool

Compartments : air, water, waste
Components/compounds : contaminents

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : Length scale : Application scale : -

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : plant data: general, sources, flows, technologies
Output data : results of calculation: pollution abatement, costs

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal Comment language : English

Runtime : -

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

**SOP** : no SOP no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes Costs : fl. 750,-

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Slootweg, J. & J.P.M. Ros, 1989. POLCOL, A model for Pollution Control in industrial situations. RIVM Report no. 738715002.

Slootweg, J., J.P.M. Ros & P. van der Poel, 1990. Target group study pharmaceutical industry, part: supplementary report (appendices). RIVM Report no. 736301003.

**PROFCD** (PROFile Convection - Diffusion)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

E.J.M. Veling :

Laboratory

**CWM** :

Phone

030-742072 Fax: 030-250740 Email: cwmedve@rivm :

3. PURPOSE

PROFCD is a program to produce graphical representation of concentration profiles versus time or distance from the entrance of

a half-infinite column.

4. POLICY THEME

Acidification, desiccation, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

Analytical representation of the solution of the convection-diffusion equation with adsorption and decay and three different boundary conditions.

Compartments

A half-infinite homogeneous column, constant velocity and linear

adsorption and decay.

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization

continuous in time and distance

Dimension

Length scale Application scale not applicable local/regional

:

:

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:

Temporal resolution

Timestep Calculation timestep

Output timestep Input data

:

Input: dispersion coefficient, velocity, retardation, decay, duration :

block pulse, either scaled or unscaled.

Output data User interface

Scaled concentration profiles versus (un)scaled time or distance.

Operation

Communication language

Batch **English** 

Computer code

Programming language Comment language

FORTRAN 77 **English** 

Runtime

about 0.25 - 0.5 min. for a standard problem on a PC-386.

6. STATUS

Final working version?

yes Version no.: 3.01 (25-11-92)

SOP

SOP no.: no

User's guide

yes

Tech. ref. manual Application reports

no : no

Under development?

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM?

: yes

User contract mandatory?

: yes

Costs

commercial price

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Veling, E.J.M., 1993. ZEROCD and PROFCD, Description of Two Programs to Supply Quick Information with respect to the Penetration of Tracers into the Soil. RIVM Report no. 725206009.

PROMISE (PROgnosis Model of Inputs to Surface water and

Emission reductions)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Corine Quarles van Ufford

Laboratory : LAE

Phone : 030-743573 Fax: 030-293651

3. PURPOSE : Module of RIM+ to calculate the current and future surface water

load and the effects of technical measures and (autonomous) economic developments on the total emissions, the atmospheric

deposition and the surface water load.

4. POLICY THEME : Dispersion, all

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : calculation tool: no specific mathematical operations

Compartments : air, water, (soil, waste)
Components/compounds : chemical compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization : variable: 5\*5 km grid, X-Y coordinates, etc.

Dimension : 2D Length scale : km

Application scale : Netherlands/PAWN-districts and -junctions

Temporal resolution

Timestep : 1 year
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : vs RIM+/PROMO; Information about sewarage system, waste

water treatment and discharge situation of processes, land use; technical measures to influence discharge situation, effectiveness of treatment plants and sewage system, costs of measures.

Output data : Emissions to air and water per target group, atmospheric

SOP no.:

deposition, surface water load per PAWN district and PAWN junction, amount of pollutant in influent and sewage sludge

User interface

Operation:InteractiveCommunication language:English

Computer code

Programming language: Ingres Windows 4GL, C

:

no

Comment language : English

Runtime : several minutes

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.3

SOP : User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no

Under development? : yes

**Application reports** 

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no, only at RIZA

User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

RAF (Rekenmodel AFvalverwijdering)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

D. Nagelhout / C.W.M. van der Maas

Laboratory

**Phone** 

030-743032 Fax: 030-293651 Email: laecwm@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE

Scenario model for predicting the amount of solid waste in the the effect of measures and (autonomous) Netherlands and economic developments. The treatment of solid waste can be

optimized on costs.

4. POLICY THEME

Solid waste

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

the model is to be considered as a calculation tool: no specific

mathematical operations

Compartments

•

Components/compounds

Solid waste, waste components •

Spatial resolution

Discretization

fixed

Dimension

National, Counties, Region :

Length scale

:

:

:

:

:

Application scale

national scale (the Netherlands) and smaller (up to combinations

of towns)

Temporal resolution

Timestep Calculation timestep Output timestep

fixed 1 year

Input data

1 years

The amount of waste produced in the past, predictions for the (economical) development per sector, location and capacity of

landfills, installations to incinerate waste etc.

Output data

The amount of waste in the future, the costs of waste disposal for

alternative policies, energy from incineration of waste

User interface

Operation Communication language Interactive

Dutch

Computer code

Programming language

Turbo Pascal 6.0

Comment language

Dutch :

Runtime

: < 30 seconds on a 286 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version?

yes Version no.: 1.0

SOP

no SOP no.:

User's guide

yes :

Tech. ref. manual Application reports

yes :

Under development?

: no no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM?

no

User contract mandatory?

Costs

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van der Maas, C.W.M., 1993. Gebruikershandleiding Rekenmodel Afvalverwijdering (RAF). Een computermodel voor het maken van afvalprognoses voor Nederland. RIVM Report no. 736001005.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **RAINS** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name J.-P. Hettelingh

Laboratory MTV

Phone : 030 - 743048

3. PURPOSE European acidification simulation. Assessment of (optimized)

abatement strategies (and costs) of SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, in Europe.

4. POLICY THEME Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** Air, energy, fluegas, soil and water chemistry. Simulation of soil,

surface water effects. Computation of concentration and deposition

of acidic compounds. See also GEOMAN and CRITLO.

Compartments air, soil, water Components/compounds SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>

Spatial resolution

Discretization variable ٠ Dimension 2D

Length scale :

Application scale regional, continental •

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** variable Calculation timestep 1 or 5 years Output timestep optional

Input data emissions, energy use, source-receptor relationship for SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>,

NH<sub>3</sub>, landuse (forests), soilchemistry, surface water chemistry,

Output data Emission patterns, deposition and concentrations of S, N, acidity

in soils and lakes

User interface

Operation Interactive Communication language English

Computer code

Programming language **FORTRAN** : Comment language English :

Runtime : seconds per user defined option

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: -SOP no SOP no.:

> User's guide yes Tech. ref. manual : no Application reports yes yes

Under development?

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, developed at IIASA, Laxenbourg, Austria

User contract mandatory? : Costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Book, scientific publications, reports, papers.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : REM2 (Radiological Emergency Management system)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : P.A.M. Uijt de Haag

Laboratory : LSG

Phone : 030-743713 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : REM2 is a model to assess the consequences of an accidental

release of radioactive materials to the air. The model calculates

radiation doses and the effect of counter-measures.

4. POLICY THEME : nuclear emergency management (dispersion, disturbance)

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : dispersion and transport in air, deposition, external radiation,

inhalation

Compartments : air, top soil

Components/compounds : radionuclides

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension:2DLength scale:kmApplication scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep :

Output timestep : quarters of an hour

Input data : source terms, meteo (e.g. wind velocity and direction, height of

mixing layer, rain intensity), model parameters (e.g. intervention

levels countermeasures)

Output data : contour maps of doses, doses in time at a location, histograms of

the number of victims in time.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : unknown

Runtime : 5-10 minutes for a dose calculation on a PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.12

sop : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/061

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : model developed at TNO

User contract mandatory? :

Costs : contact TNO

8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Renswoude G.J. & P.J.G. Verhaegh, 1990. Handboek bij het Radiological Emergency Management system, versie 2.12. TNO publicatie no. FEL-90-C202.

Wiesenhaan, J.H., 1990. Handleiding - Omgaan met REM2.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : RESAM (REgional Soil Acidification Model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Aaldrik Tiktak

Laboratory : LBG

**Phone** : 030-743343 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of the effects of acidification on forest soils.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : convective solute transport, cation exchange, mineral weathering,

nitrification, plant uptake, mineralization of organic matter

Compartments : soil - (forest floor) - (vegetation)

Components/compounds: H<sup>+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, Cl, HCO<sub>3</sub>,

RCOO-

Spatial resolution

**Discretization** : variable

Dimension : 1D (but regionally applicable)

Length scale : m

**Application scale** : regional (for 65% of Dutch forest area)

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 5 days
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : atmospheric deposition, initial concentrations in soil solution,

exchanger and mineral phase, water balance, biochemical rate

constants, Al equilibrium constant

Output data : fluxes and concentrations of solutes in soil, with emphasis to

aluminum, protons and nitrogen

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 24 hours (512 runs of 100 years on HP workstation)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 24-12-1991 SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/817

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : The model has been developed by the Winand Staring Centre,

Wageningen, NL.

User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Bakema et al., 1990. Dutch Acidification Systems model - Specifications. Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification, Report no. 114.1.01. RIVM, Bilthoven.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : RIM+ (Environmental Information and planning model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : W. Laan, P.H. Bruinsma

Laboratory : LA

Phone : 030-743463/3024 Fax: 030-293651 Email: laewl@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of emission-, waste- and energy-projections for several

future years, based upon economic, demographic and other general scenarios. It is possible to choose policy abatement, so it's possible

to examine the effects of measurements.

**4. POLICY THEME** : can be used for all themes.

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes**: the model is to be considered as a administration and calculation

tool: no specific mathematical operations

Compartments : air, water, soil, waste

Components/compounds : all chemical compounds; all waste materials

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: -Application scale: regional

Temporal resolution

**Timestep**: flexible (min. 1 year)

Calculation timestep : min. 1 year
Output timestep : min. 1 year

Input data : activity levels for a list of economic sectors; economic scenarios

for this sectors; emission/waste coefficients for different chemical compounds; possible measures to reduce emission or waste-

production.

Output data : emission/waste production, per region, per sector, per chemical

compound, for chosen years

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language: Ingres Windows 4GL, C

Comment language : English

Runtime : depends on many factors (1 to 5 minutes)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : Yes Version no.: 2.0

SOP : No SOP no : -

SOP : No SOP no.: User's guide : no (English on-line help available)

Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : yes
Costs : unknown

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Laan, W.P.M., et al., 1993. Scenariostudies voor afvalstoffen, emissies en energie - Een opzet voor het nieuwe Reken- en Informatiesysteem Milieuhygiëne (RIM+). RIVM Report no. 736001004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : RISKA

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : H. Slaper Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-743488 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of location dependent mortality risks related to

possible accidental releases from nuclear power plants in Europe

4. POLICY THEME : Riskmap for nuclear power plants

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : accidental releases; atmospheric dispersion and deposition, doses

received

Compartments : air; soil (deposition) (input from NUCRED regarding conversion

from contamination to doses)

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 2D

Length scale : variable; default approximately 50 x 50 km

Application scale : regional / continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep :

Output timestep : risk per year of operation

Input data : European nuclear power plants (locations, type, power, accident

probabilities); release characteristics

Output data : risks on user defined grid in Europe

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : approx. 40 min. (for 8000 receptor locations)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 5.21

SOP : yes SOP no.: LSO/P/012

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Slaper, H., R.O. Blaauboer & G.J. Eggink, 1993. A risk assessment for accidental releases from nuclear power plants in Europe. RIVM Report no. 743030002.

Slaper H., 1993. Europese risicokaart voor kerncentrales: het RISKA programma. Achtergronddocument opgenomen in logboek LSO/L/327.

**SimpleBox** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name

D. van de Meent

Laboratory

ECO

Phone

: 030-743130/3015 Fax: 030-251925 Email: ecodm@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE

Diagnostic method for analyzing the environmental fate of micropollutants in terms of key pathways and key processes. Time-dependent or steady-state concentration levels in environmental compartments are computed from steady or intermittent releases into air, water and soil. Designed for nonpoint pollution situations (existing and new chemicals).

4. POLICY THEME

Dispersion, risk assessment, global change, sustainable development

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** 

emission; import; intermedia transport; degradation; export; soil

leaching; sediment burial

Compartments

air, water, suspended matter, biota, sediment, soil (3x) :

Components/compounds

micropollutants (metals, organics)

Spatial resolution

Discretization

fixed

:

:

Dimension

0 D (homogeneous environmental compartments)

Length scale

user defined (default The Netherlands)

Application scale

regional / continental / global

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** Calculation timestep Output timestep

user defined user defined user defined

Input data

constant or intermittant loadings (emission, import); rate constants for intermedia transport; intermedia equilibrium constants;

degradation rate constants

Output data

Steady-state concentrations or time series of concentrations for in air, water, suspended matter, biota, sediment and soil boxes;

intermedia fluxes

User interface

Operation Communication language Interactive English

Computer code

Programming language

Compiled Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheet, FAME executable

Comment language

:

:

Runtime

< 1 - 2 min on 486-PC

6. STATUS

Final working version?

User's guide

yes Version no.: 1.0 (930801)

SOP

no SOP no.:

Tech. ref. manual **Application reports** 

yes : yes

yes

Under development?

no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? User contract mandatory?

: yes : no

Costs

handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van de Meent, D., 1993. SIMPLEBOX, a generic multimedia fate evaluation model. RIVM Report no. 6672720001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL **SimpleTreat** 

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name J. Struijs Laboratory : **ECO** 

**Phone** 030 - 742001/3015

3. PURPOSE Diagnostic method to predict the most probable fate of micro-

> pollutants continuously entering a sewage treatment plant. The model may be used to estimate concentrations in effluent and sludge if the emission scenario is known or to analyse the relative contributions of removal processes and factors controlling them.

4. POLICY THEME :

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** Advection, (de)sorption, degradation, volatilization. :

**Compartments** : Components/compounds divers :

Spatial resolution

Discretization variable : Dimension 9 hoxes Length scale user definable

Application scale

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** steady-state calculation

Calculation timestep Output timestep

Input data Steady loading of the system (only if exposure concentrations are

> to be estimated), partition coefficients for interphase equilibria (airwater, solids-water) or basic physico-chemical properties of the chemicals (Kow, vapour pressure, solubility), biodegradation test

result.

Output data Steady-state concentrations in the effluent, ambient air and

> exported sludge. Fate of the chemical as percentage removed by degradation, volatilization, exported sludge and exported water.

User interface

Operation Interactive Communication language English

Computer code

Programming language Lotus 1-2-3 : Comment language **English** : Runtime < 1 min :

6. STATUS

Final working version? yes Version no.: 2.1 : SOP SOP no.:

:

no User's guide no :

Tech. ref. manual yes **Application reports** : yes **Under development?** no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? no :

Costs handling costs

8. DOCUMENTATION

Struijs, J. et al., 1991. SimpleTreat: a spreadsheet based box model to predict the fate of xenobiotics in a municipal waste water treatment plant. RIVM Report no. 670208002.

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name Addo van Pul :

Laboratory : LLO

Phone 030-742818 Fax: 030-287532 Email: addo@rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE calculation of concentrations of primary emitted ammonia on a

local scale

4. POLICY THEME acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Processes** atmospheric transport, dispersion, chemical transformation,

deposition

Compartments surface layer of the atmopsheric boundary layer ammonia

Components/compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization variable : Dimension 3D

Length scale from 100 m up to 10-15 km :

Application scale local scale :

Temporal resolution

**Timestep** one hour (fixed)

variable, depending on gridsetting and number of sources Calculation timestep

**Output timestep** : variable, one hour up to several days

Input data actual meteorology, emissions, gridsetting, source heigth,

roughness length

Output data concentrations of ammonia for specified grid and/or specified

receptor points

User interface

Operation interactive and/or batch :

Communication language Dutch

Computer code

Programming language **FORTRAN** : Comment language : Dutch

Runtime variable, depending on gridsetting and number of sources :

6. STATUS

Final working version? Version no.: 1.0 : yes

SOP SOP no.: : no

User's guide : yes Tech. ref. manual : no **Application reports** yes Under development? no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : Costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Boermans, G.M.F & W.A.J. van Pul, 1993. SLAM, een transportmodel voor de korte termijn en de korte afstand met als toepassing de beschrijving van de verspreiding van ammoniak. RIVM Report no. 722105003.

Boermans, G.M.F. & W.A.J. van Pul, 1992. SLAM, A short term and local scale ammonia transport model. In: H.R. Olesen & T. Mikkelse (eds), Objectives for a next generation of practical short range atmospheric dispersion models. DCAR, Roskilde, Denmark

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : Sloot-box

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Jan Linders
Laboratory : ACT
Phone : 030-743164

3. PURPOSE : assessment of possible effects for water organisms in case of drift

after the application of pesticides

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : degradation, volatilization, advection, sedimentation, resuspension

Compartments : water (ditch) / fish-daphnids-algae

Components/compounds : pesticides

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: mApplication scale: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : day Output timestep : day

Input data : substance related parameters, laboratory test data, toxicity data,

application data

Output data : risk assessment water organisms for short time and long time

exposure

User interface

**Operation**: Interactive

Communication language : both english version and dutch version available

Computer code

Programming language : Lotus 1-2-3 macro language

Comment language : Dutch
Runtime : < 1 sec.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : no
Costs : free

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Linders, J.B.H.J. et al., 1990. Beoordeling van het gedrag van bestrijdingsmidellen in oppervlaktewater in relatie tot expositie van waterorganismen. RIVM Report no. 678611002.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SOILNL (SOIL Nitrogen NL-version)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Kas G.B. Makaske, Hans J.M. van Grinsven

Laboratory : LBC

**Phone** : 030-743314 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of accumulation and transport of nitrogen in

agricultural soils

4. POLICY THEME : Eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : addition of fertilizer and manure, nitrification, mineralization,

convective transport, denitrification, plant uptake, harvest, grazing,

volatilization, leaching

Compartments : soil layers, groundwater, plant, organic matter

Components/compounds: soil water, nitrate, ammonium, organic nitrogen, manure, fertilizer

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 1DLength scale: cm

Application scale : local to regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 day
Output timestep : variable

Input data : soil hydraulic properties, decomposition rates of organic matter,

nitrification rate, denitrification rate, crop nitrogen uptake, meteorological data, fertilizer & manure input, grazing intensity

Output data : soil water balance, soil nitrogen balance, nitrate concentrations in

soil- and groundwater, leaching, nitrogen states and rates

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : 2 min. for 1 year calculation on PC-386; 5 sec. on HP 720

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 1.0

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/809

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Grinsven, J.J.M. & G.B. Makaske, 1993. A one-dimensional model for transport and accumulation of water and nitrogen, based on the Swedish model SOILN. RIVM Report no. 714908001.

Johnsson, H., L. Bergstrom, P.-E. Jansson & K. Paustian, 1987. Simulated nitrogen dynamics and losses in a layered agricultural soil. Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment 18, 239-254.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SOILVEG (SOIL VEGetation)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Kees van Heerden

Laboratory : LBG

Phone : 030-743343 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of the effects of acidification on forests and forest

soils.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : root uptake, tree growth, mineralization of organic matter, solute

transport, mineral weathering, cation adsorption, nitrification,

**Compartments**: five plant compartments, litter layer, soil layers.

Components/compounds : In air: SO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>.

In plant: N, Ca, Mg, K, CH<sub>2</sub>O.

In soil: H, Al, Ca, Mg, K, Na, NH<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, Cl, RCOO

Spatial resolution

Discretization:variableDimension:1DLength scale:mApplication scale:local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable

Calculation timestep : dynamic: 1 hour - 10 days

Output timestep : 1 day, 1 year

Input data : atmospheric deposition, air pollutant concentrations, initial

biomass, nutrient status in vegetation and soil

Output data : nutrient concentrations and fluxes in vegetation and soil.

Biomasses. Growth reduction.

User interface

Operation : Batch Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : ANSI-C Comment language : English

Runtime : 10 min. on HP 750 workstation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.0

sop : yes SOP no.: LBG/816

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Minnen, J.G., J.J.M. van Grinsven & C. van Heerden, 1991. SOILVEG: A model to evaluate effects of acid atmospheric deposition on soil and forest. Volume 3: Long-term regional effects of various deposition scenarios on Douglas fir. Dutch Priority Programme on Acidification Report no. 114.1-04. RIVM, Bilthoven.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SOLWAT (SOIL WATer model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Kas G.B.Makaske, Hans J.M. van Grinsven

Laboratory : LBC

**Phone** : 030-743314 Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of transport of water and heat in soil. Parametric water

balance model

4. POLICY THEME : eutrophication, acidification, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : interception, soil evaporation, transpiration, percolation, root water

uptake, groundwater discharge, heat transport

Compartments : soil layers

Components/compounds : soil water, groundwater, heat

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: cm

Application scale : local - regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 day
Output timestep : variable

Input data : daily precipitation, open water evaporation, air temperature, soil

hydraulic properties, drainage function

Output data : annual soil water and heat balance, time series of daily soil water

contents, temperature, and water and heat fluxes

User interface

**Operation** : Batch **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime: 2 min. for a 1 year calculation on PC-386, 5 sec. on HP 720

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 1.0

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/819

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Grinsven, J.J.M. & G.B. Makaske, 1993. A one-dimensional model for transport of water and nitrogen, based on the Swedish model SOILN. RIVM Report no. 714908001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SRM

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans van Jaarsveld

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : a meta-model based on the results of the TREND model; the

model is used primarily for a quick calculation of acid deposition

for a large number of emission scenarios

4. POLICY THEME : acidification, dispersion, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: none, however, in the original TREND model all relevant

atmospheric processes are included

Compartments : atmospheric boundary layer
Components/compounds : SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed: predefined set of receptor and source areas

Dimension : 2D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep :

Output timestep : 10 year averaged

Input data : emissions for 13 economical sectors in each of 20 source areas in

The Netherlands, high and low level emissions in 19 foreign

source areas (rest of Europe).

Output data : yearly averaged deposition fluxes of SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>y</sub> and NH<sub>x</sub> (estimated

for long-term averaged meteorological conditions)

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language

Computer code

Programming language : Comment language :

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.0

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Olsthoorn, T.O. & F.A.A.M. de Leeuw, 1988. Berekening van de zure depositie op Nederland op basis van overdrachtsmatrices. RIVM Report no. 758805005.

De Leeuw, F.A.A.M. & J.A. van Jaarsveld, 1992. Bepaling van bron-receptor relaties voor verzurende componenten. RIVM Report no. 723001009

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SRMSEA

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans van Jaarsveld

Laboratory : LLO

Phone : 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : A meta-model based on the results of the TREND model; the

model is used primarily for a quick calculation of nitrogen and cadmium deposition to the North Sea for a large number of

emission scenarios

4. POLICY THEME : acidification, dispersion, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : none, however, in the original TREND model all relevant

atmospheric processes are included

Compartments : atmospheric boundary layer

Components/compounds : NO<sub>x</sub>, NH<sub>x</sub>, Cd

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed: predefined set of receptor points and source areas

Dimension : 2D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed Calculation timestep : n.a.

Output timestep : 10 year averaged

Input data : emissions (3 source height levels) for each of 20 source areas in

The Netherlands; emissions (2 souce height levels) in 19 foreign

source areas (rest of Europe).

Output data : yearly averaged transfer coefficients of NO<sub>x</sub>, and Cd (estimated for

long-term averaged meteorological conditions)

User interface

Operation : Communication language : -

Computer code

Programming language : Comment language : Runtime : -

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0 SOP : no SOP no.: -

SOP : no SO User's guide : yes

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Jaarsveld, J.A. & F.A.A.M. de Leeuw, 1993. Source receptor relations for the calculation of atmospheric deposition to the North Sea: Nitrogen and Cadmium. RIVM Report no. 222402002.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : STEM

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Wout Slob
Laboratory : CWM
Phone : 030-743242

3. PURPOSE : Estimation of the statistical distribution of exposure to chemicals

via food, in relation to various factors including age and body

weight.

4. POLICY THEME : Risk management

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes :
Compartments :
Components/compounds :

Spatial resolution

Discretization :
Dimension :
Length scale :

Application scale : human population

Temporal resolution

Timestep :
Calculation timestep :
Output timestep :

Input data : concentrations in food

Output data : exposure (median and percentiles) as function of age

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language: Graphical User Interface, English

Computer code

Programming language : C, Splus
Comment language : English

Runtime :

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 1.0

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Slob, W., 1993. Modelling human exposure to chemicals in food. RIVM Report no. 639102002.

Slob, W., 1993. Modeling long-term exposure of the whole population to chemicals in food. Risk Analysis 13, 525-530

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : STOLWIJK MODEL

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : P.M. van Egmond

Laboratory : MTV
Phone : 030-743816

3. PURPOSE : Economic shrink calculation of livestock

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Costs of environmental measures related to manure and ammonia;

Economic shrink related to costs

Compartments : Components/compounds : -

Spatial resolution

Discretization : Dimension : Length scale :

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Production of manure and ammonia emissions; Livestock; (costs

and effects of) environmental measures; Economic yield

Output data : Economic shrink

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive

Communication language

Computer code

**Programming language**: Lotus 1-2-3

Comment language :

Runtime : minutes

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, developed at CPB

User contract mandatory? : - Costs : -

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Stolwijk, H.J.J., 1989. Economische gevolgen voor de veehouderij van een drietal milieuscenario's. CPB, Den Haag. Onderzoeks-memorandum 57.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : STRAVERA (Strategy for Effective Reduction of Surface water

load)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Corine Quarles van Ufford

Laboratory : LAE

Phone : 030-743573 Fax: 030-293651

3. PURPOSE : Scenario model for quick calculations of the effect of technical

measures and (autonomous) economic developments on the total emissions, the atmospheric deposition and the surface water load.

4. POLICY THEME : Dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : calculation tool: no specific mathematical operations

Compartments : air, water, (soil, waste)
Components/compounds : chemical compounds

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed
Dimension : Length scale : -

**Application scale**: used only on the national scale (the Netherlands) but other scales

are also possible

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 5 years

Input data : processes which "produce" emission, activity level of processes,

emission- and deposition-coëfficients, discharge situation of waste

water and atmospheric deposition, possible measurements

Output data : Emissions to air and water per target group, atmospheric

deposition, surface water load via different routes, amount of

pollutant in influent and sewage sludge

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

Programming language : Turbo Pascal
Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : < 30 seconds on a 286 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Quarles van Ufford, C.H.A. & J.P.M. Ros, 1991. STRAVERA, a model for the calculation of emission trends and surface water load. RIVM Report no. 736301011.(English translation: RIVM Report no. 736301012)

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : SWIF (Soil Water In Forested ecosystems)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Aaldrik Tiktak

Laboratory : LBG

Phone : 030-743343. Fax: 030-292897

3. PURPOSE : Simulation of transient, unsaturated, vertical soil water transport

and interception.

4. POLICY THEME : acidification, dessication, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : vertical soil water transport and root water uptake in the

unsaturated soil zone (Darcian flow)

Compartments : unsaturated soil zone, forest floor, forest canopy
Components/compounds : water in the unsaturated soil zone and forest floor

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 1DLength scale: mApplication scale: local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : 0.001 - 1 day
Output timestep : 1 day

Input data : soil physical characteristics, root length distribution, rainfall &

evapotranspiration, vegetation properties

Output data : water content, soil water fluxes, root water uptake, transpiration,

soil evaporation, interception

User interface

Operation : Batch Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77 (ANSI)

Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 minute CPU on HP workstation for 4 year simulation

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 2.3

SOP : yes SOP no.: LBG/818

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes

Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, model has been developed by the Laboratory for Physical

Geography & Soil Science, Amsterdam, NL

User contract mandatory? :

Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Tiktak, A., W. Bouten & M.P. Schaap, 1990. SWIF: A simulation model of Soil Water In Forested ecosystems. Univ. van Amsterdam, FGBL(???), UVA, report nr. 44, Amsterdam.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : TAM3 (Terra Aqua Model)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Compartmental model for the calculation of the time-integrated

concentrations of a radionuclide in lakewater, fish, crop and sediment; furthermore TAM3 is an example-program to show

uncertainty and sensitivity analyses.

4. POLICY THEME : Dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : time-integrated dispersion of radioactivity in lakewater, fish, crop

and sediment

Compartments : lakewater, fish, crop, sediment

Components/compounds : radioactive material

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed Dimension : OD

Length scale : not applicable

**Application scale** : local

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed

Calculation timestep : time-integrated
Output timestep : time-integrated

Input data : Several transferparameter values like sedimentation rate, uptake by

fish, crop; mass of water, sediment and fish etc.

Output data : Time-integrated concentrations of considered radionuclide in water,

sediment, fish and crop as well as uncertainty and/or sensitivity

analyses

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch both possible

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : Borland Turbo Pascal 3.0

Comment language : English

Runtime : Depending on number of iterations: sec.-min. on a PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no

Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes, available from Oak Ridge Nat. Lab. (TN), USA

User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : contact R.H. Gardner (ORNL)

8. DOCUMENTATION

Gardner, R.H., 1988. TAM3: A program demonstrating Monte Carlo sensitivity and uncertainty analysis. BIOMOVS Technical Report No.2. NIRP, Stockholm.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : TARGETS

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : J. Rotmans
Laboratory : CWM
Phone : 030-743320

3. PURPOSE : To operationalise, and to render applicable, the concepts of global

change and sustainable development.

4. POLICY THEME : global change, sustainable development

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : social, demographic and economic processes, biophysical and

ecological processes, land use and land capacity changes associated processes, hydrological processes, chemical pollution

transport processes

Compartments : global environmental system: land (agricultural land, ecosystems,

human affected area), hydrosphere (oceans, rivers, lakes, coastal

waters), geosphere (soil, soil water), and atmosphere. global human system: population, economy, energy, minerals.

Components/compounds : steering model, pressure models, biosphere models and impact

models.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 0D

Length scale :

Application scale : regional - continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 1 year
Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : economic and technological data, policy measures, environmental

data.

Output data : health, environmental, socio-economic, ecological indicators

User interface

Operation : Interactive Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : M, visualisation computer language

Comment language : English
Runtime : 10 sec.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 0.5

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no Tech. ref. manual : no Application reports : no

Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

None

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : TRAX (TRAcks of X-rays)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : R.O. Blaauboer

Laboratory : LSO

Phone : 030-742645 Fax: 030-291604 Email: lsorob@krypton.rivm.nl

3. PURPOSE : Biophysical model to calculate energy deposition spectra and

relative effectiveness of different kinds of ionizing radiation in

biological material.

4. POLICY THEME : Dose-effect relationships

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Calculation of electron slowing-down spectra and radiation specific

effectiveness

Compartments : DNA-strings

**Components/compounds** :  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ , X, n radiation

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 0D

Length scale : nanometer resolution

Application scale : cellulair

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Targettype, -thickness, radiationtype set, Cut-off energy for δ-rays,

targetradius, effect probability, fitparameters (if needed)

Output data : Slowing-down spectra, stopping-power, average radius of track and

average energy of particle, relative effectiveness parameters and/or

fitted experimental data.

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : Borland Turbo Pascal 6.0

Comment language : English

Runtime : Depending on desired results: sec.-min. on PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: 7.2

sop : no sop no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Blaauboer, R.O., in prep. Technical Manual of the biophysical model TRAX. RIVM Report.

Pruppers, M.J.M, H.P. Leenhouts & K.H. Chadwick, 1990. A track structure model for the spatial energy deposition of ionisering radiation. Rad. Prot. Dos. 31, 185-188.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : TREND

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans van Jaarsveld

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-742818 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : calculation of (long term) atmospheric concentration and

deposition of primary emitted and secundary produced acidifying

components; general purpose model

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion, acidification

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes: atmospheric transport, dispersion, dry and wet deposition and

chemical transformation

**Compartments** : atmospheric boundary layer (2 levels up to ca. 3 km)

Components/compounds : SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>, aerosols

Spatial resolution

Discretization: variableDimension: 3D

Length scale : variable from 100 m up to 1000 km

Application scale : variable from local to continental scale

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable: from one specific month to a 15-year averaged

Calculation timestep :

Output timestep : variable: from one specific month to a 15-year averaged

Input data : meteorological statistics; emissions: within the area of interest

emissions must be given with a resolution corresponding with the required resolution of the deposition/concentration maps; at larger distances to the receptor area less spatial ressolution is needed.

Output data : concentration and deposition fields

User interface

Operation : Interactive / Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN

Comment language : mixture of dutch and english

Runtime : highly dependent on number of sources and receptors

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.11

SOP : no SOP no.: User's guide : no

Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no, however one version operational in Denmark

User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Van Jaarsveld, J.A. & Onderdelinden, D., 1993. TREND; An analytical long-term deposition model for multi-scale applications (in prep.)

Van Jaarsveld, J.A., 1991. A quantitative model analysis of year to year changes in concentration and deposition. In: H. van Dop & D.G. Steyn (eds), Air pollution modelling and its application, Vol. VIII, 91-102. Plenum Press, New York.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : UNCSAM

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Peter Janssen / Peter Heuberger

Laboratory : CWM

**Phone** : 030-742760 / 743754

3. PURPOSE : Uncertainty and/or sensitivity analysis of simulation models;

Monte Carlo sampling

4. POLICY THEME : All

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes :
Compartments :
Components/compounds :
Spatial resolution

Discretization
Dimension
Length scale

Application scale
Temporal resolution

Timestep :
Calculation timestep :

Output timestep :

Input data : distribution specifications (input parameters)

Output data : tables, plots, statistical information

User interface

**Operation**: interactive, batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77, encapsulated in a C-shell

Comment language : English

Runtime : problem dependent

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.1

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : \$3000 (Universities \$1500)

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Janssen, P.H.M., W. Slob & J. Rotmans, 1990. Gevoeligheidsanalyse en onzekerheidsanalyse; een Inventarisatie van Ideeën, Methoden en Technieken. RIVM Report no. 958805001.

Janssen, P.H.M., P.S.C. Heuberger & R.Sanders, 1992. UNCSAM 1.1, a software package for sensitivity and uncertainty analysis. Manual. RIVM Report no. 959101004.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : USES (Uniform System for the Evaluation of Substances)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : D.T. Jager Laboratory : ECO

**Phone** : 030 - 743783

3. PURPOSE : Risk/hazard assessment and priority setting for chemical

substances. Endpoints are human beings, aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, fish and worm eating predators, micro-organisms in a sewage treatment plant and specific non-target organisms for

pesticides.

4. POLICY THEME : Risk management

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Sorption to sludge/sediment/soil, bio-degradation, volatilization,

dilution, bioconcentration / bio-accumulation, leaching, transport through air, deposition, drinking water purification, waste water

treatment a.o.

Compartments: Air, surface water, soil (3 types), groundwater, drinking water,

plants, cattle (meat+milk).

Components/compounds : New and existing chemicals and agricultural pesticides.

Spatial resolution

Discretization: noneDimension: 1D

Length scale : local: 100-1000m from source

Application scale : local (not site-specific) / regional / continental

Temporal resolution

Timestep : steady-state

Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : Substance data, toxicity data

Output data : Hazard quotients (+ probability distribution for aquatic ecosystems)

for the specified endpoints.

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : English

Computer code

Programming language : C++
Comment language : English

Runtime : <1 min. per substance on a PC-386

6. STATUS

Final working version? : no Version no.: prototype II

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : not yet
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

VROM, WVC, RIVM, RPC, 1992. Uniform Beoordelingssysteem Stoffen (UBS) Tweede Prototype.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : UV-chain

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : H. Slaper Laboratory : LSO

**Phone** : 030-743488 Fax: 030-291604

3. PURPOSE : Source-effect model for effects of ozone depletion. Prognostic

evaluation of skin cancer incidence for various policy scenario's

regarding the emission of ozone depleting substances.

4. POLICY THEME : Risk analysis UV, climate change

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : cfc production, and emission, atmospheric concentrations, chlorine

levels; ozone depletion; UV-transfer through atmosphere; exposure

effect model for skin cancer

Compartments : atmosphere

**Components/compounds**: 7 submodules; production, emission, tropospheric concentration,

chlorine concentration, ozone depletion; UV-exposure and

exposure-effect module

Spatial resolution

Discretization : fixed

**Dimension** : OD with elements of (2D) models

Application scale : regional / global latitude

Temporal resolution

Calculation timestep : 1 year Output timestep : 1 year

Input data : production scenario's; age distribution population

Output data : chlorine concentration; ozone depletion; skin cancer incidence

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English
Runtime : 5 min.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.0

SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : partly
Application reports : yes
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no User contract mandatory? : -Costs : -

# 8. DOCUMENTATION

Slaper H., M.G.J. den Elzen, H.J. van der Woerd & J. de Greef, 1992. Ozone depletion and skin cancer incidence: an integrated modelling approach. RIVM Report no. 749202001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : UVPROF

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : Hans van der Woerd

Laboratory : LLO

**Phone** : 030-742081 Fax: 030-287531

3. PURPOSE : calculation of UV-radiation and photolysis rates at various altitudes

4. POLICY THEME : global change, dispersion

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : radiation transfer: scattering and absorption by air molecules,

aerosols and various trace gases

**Compartments** : atmosphere up to ca. 60 km

Components/compounds : UV/vis radiation

Spatial resolution

**Discretization**: fixed, vertical layer of 0.5-2 km

Dimension : 1D Length scale : km

Application scale : any specified latitude

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep : -

Input data : ozone column, aerosol density, latitude, julian date

Output data : UV-radiation, photolysis rates

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN
Comment language : English

Runtime : small (< 1 min CPU on HP-9000)

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : yes

Application reports : yes Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

De Leeuw, F.A.A.M., 1989. Modelmatige berekening van fotolyse snelheden relevant voor tropospferische chemie. RIVM Report no. 228603003.

De Leeuw, F.A.A.M. & H. Slaper, 1990. UV straling in Nederland: indicatie van de invloed van een verandering in ozonkolom. RIVM Report no. 228903001.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : WAPRO

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : F.J. Kragt Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030-743014 Fax: 030-262055

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of the future water demand of certain sectors by

applying economic, demographic and technological scenario's. Exploring the effects of given measures to reduce water

consumption.

4. POLICY THEME : Drinking water production, desiccation

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Compartments : Components/compounds : water

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 1DLength scale: -

Application scale : regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : fixed
Calculation timestep : 10 years
Output timestep : 10 years

Input data : activity levels for a list of economic sectors; economic scenarios

for this sectors; possible measures to reduce water demand.

Output data : water demand for a list of sectors; per region, per sector, per

watertype, for years 2000, 2010, 2020

User interface

**Operation** : Interactive **Communication language** : Dutch

Computer code

**Programming language**: Turbo Pascal v5.5

Comment language : Dutch

Runtime : 1 minute to calculate one scenario for 3 years

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: SOP : no SOP no.: -

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : no

Costs : handling costs

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

Laan, W.P.M., 1990. Gebruikersdocumentatie WAPRO. Een model voor het maken van waterverbruiksprognoses. RIVM Report no. 738906003.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : WATNAT

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : A.C.M. de Nijs

Laboratory : LWD

**Phone** : 030 - 743812 Fax: 030 - 252066

3. PURPOSE : Calculation of the water quality in the Dutch network of

waterways and lakes (PAWN network)

4. POLICY THEME : dispersion, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : transport; sorption; algal growth; sedimentation; resuspension;

burial; diffusion; (de) nitrification; oxygen exchange; mineralization

Compartments : water, sediment, algae

Components/compounds : nutrients, N, P, Si

Spatial resolution

Discretization: fixedDimension: 2DLength scale: meterApplication scale: national

Temporal resolution

Timestep : variable
Calculation timestep : variable
Output timestep : variable

Input data : initial concentrations, discharges, boundary concentrations, wind

speed, emissions

Output data : variable

User interface

Operation : Interactive & Batch

Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : ACSL Comment language : English

Runtime : 1 hr per simulated year on a 486 PC

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 1.00

sop : yes sop no.: -

User's guide : no
Tech. ref. manual : yes
Application reports : no
Under development? : yes

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : no
User contract mandatory? : Costs : -

8. DOCUMENTATION

Wortelboer, F.G., A.C.M. de Nijs, J.H. Janse, P.R.G. Kramer & T. Aldenberg, 1993. WATNAT Version 2.06 Technical Documentation. RIVM LWD-notitie no. 93-12.

De Nijs, A.C.M., J.H. Janse, F.G. Wortelboer, P.R.G Kramer & T. Aldenberg, 1993. WATNAT Version 1.00 Model Documentation. RIVM LWD-notitie no. 93-13.

1. NAME OF THE MODEL : ZEROCD (ZERO Convection - Diffusion)

2. CONTACT IN RIVM

Name : E.J.M. Veling

Laboratory : CWM

Phone : 030-742072 Fax: 030-250740 Email: cwmedve@rivm

3. PURPOSE : ZEROCD calculates time instances when concentration levels

reach specified values in a one-dimensional column.

4. POLICY THEME : Acidification, desiccation, eutrophication

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Processes : Analytical representation of the solution of the convection-

diffusion equation with adsorption and decay and three different boundary conditions. Internally is a root-finder procedure active.

Compartments : A half-infinite homogeneous column, constant velocity and linear

adsorption and decay.

Components/compounds:

Spatial resolution

**Discretization** : continuous in time and distance

Dimension : 1I

Length scale :

Application scale : local/regional

Temporal resolution

Timestep : Calculation timestep : Output timestep :

Input data : Input: dispersion coefficient, velocity, retardation, decay, duration

block pulse, either scaled or unscaled.

Output data : Time instances when concentration levels reach specified values.

User interface

Operation : Batch
Communication language : English

Computer code

Programming language : FORTRAN 77
Comment language : English

Runtime : About 0.25 - 0.5 min. for a standard problem on a PC-386.

6. STATUS

Final working version? : yes Version no.: 3.01 (25-11-'92)

sop : no sop no.:

User's guide : yes
Tech. ref. manual : no
Application reports : no
Under development? : no

Onder development:

7. AVAILABILITY

Available outside RIVM? : yes User contract mandatory? : yes

Costs : commercial price

## 8. DOCUMENTATION

Veling, E.J.M., 1993. ZEROCD and PROFCD, Description of Two Programs to Supply Quick Information with respect to the Penetration of Tracers into the Soil. RIVM Report no. 725206009.

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